



# **Great Public Speakers in History**

**SOCRATES** 



MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.



**MARGARET THATCHER** 



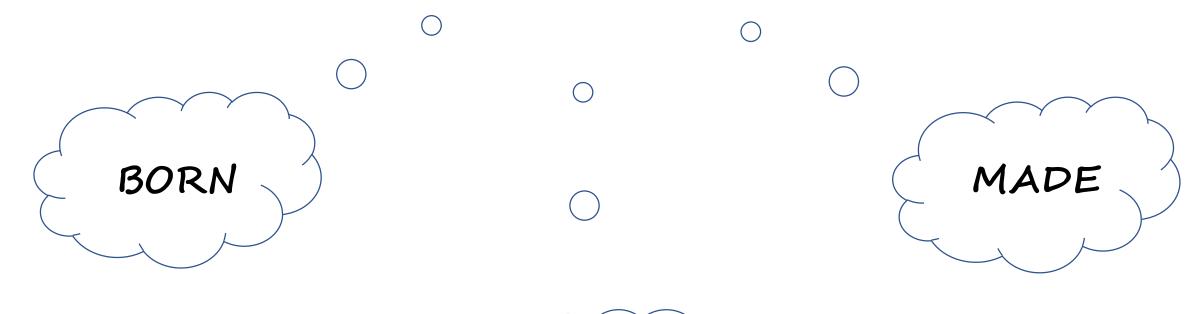
A: "In the past decade, we have given power back to the people on an unprecedented scale. We have given back control to people over their own lives and over their livelihood.

**B:** "And so even though we face the difficulties of today and tomorrow, I still have a dream."

**C:** "The hour of departure has arrived, and we go our ways — I to die, and you to live. Which is better God only knows."



# Super-Speaker o o o



PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT



# Which part of Maturita exam is the most problematic for your students?

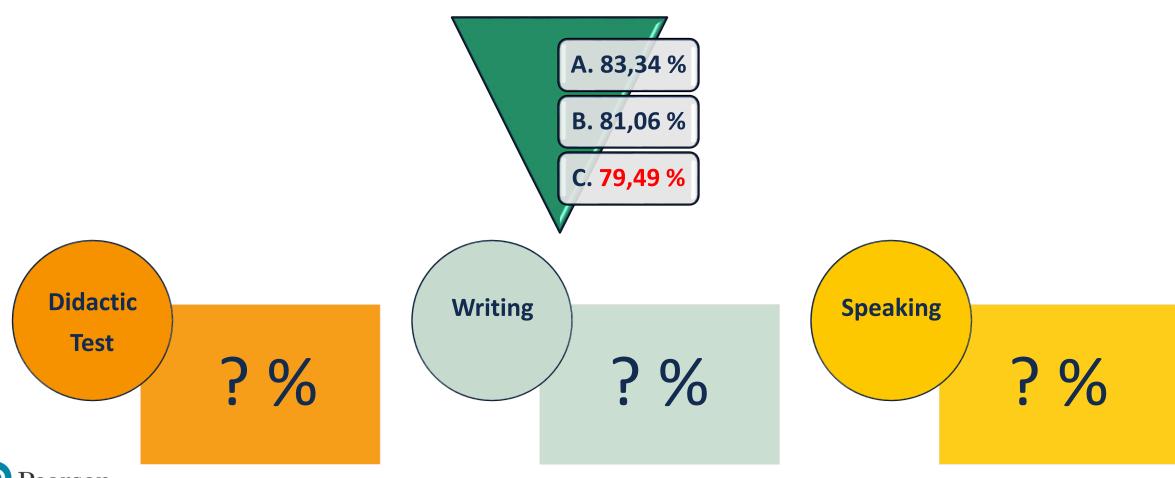




## **Statistics**

### Success in Maturita 2017 spring term according to CERMAT (median):

https://vysledky.cermat.cz/data/Default.aspx

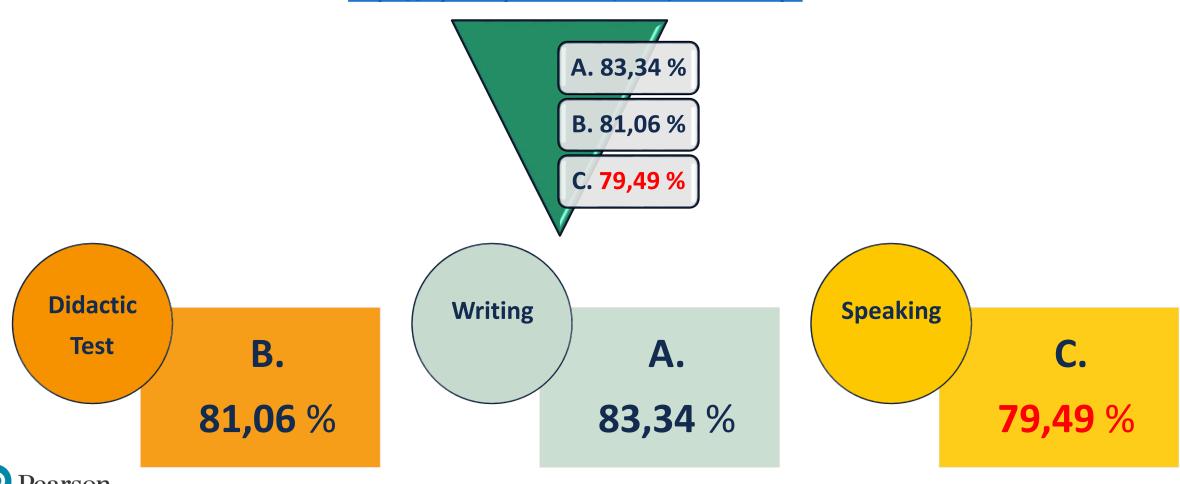




## **Statistics**

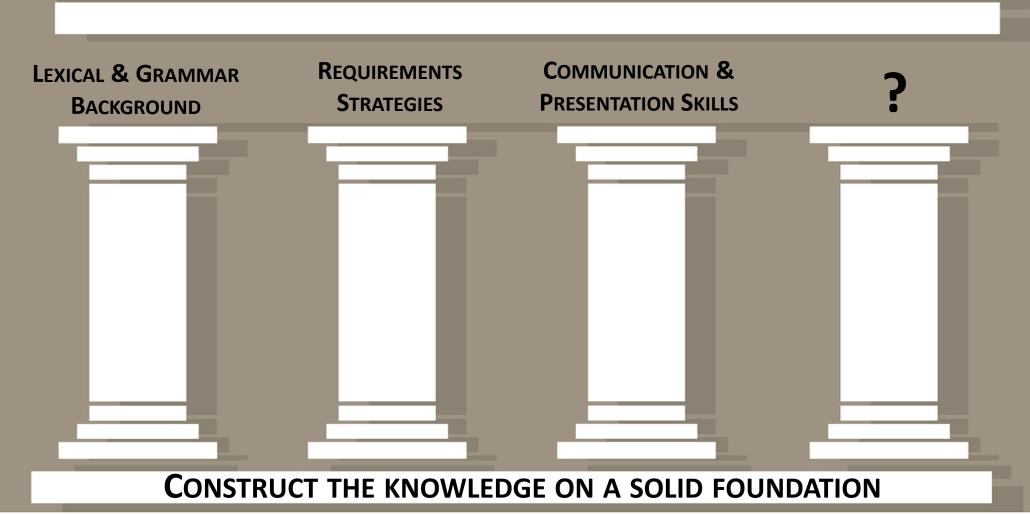
### Success in Maturita 2017 spring term according to CERMAT (median):

https://vysledky.cermat.cz/data/Default.aspx





### SUCCESS IN MATURITA SPEAKING EXAM



PRACTICE TO PERFECTION

# LEXICAL & GRAMMAR BACKGROUND





# LEXICAL & GRAMMAR BACKGROUND

### Long term learning and building

vocabulary



from sentence to discussion



grammar



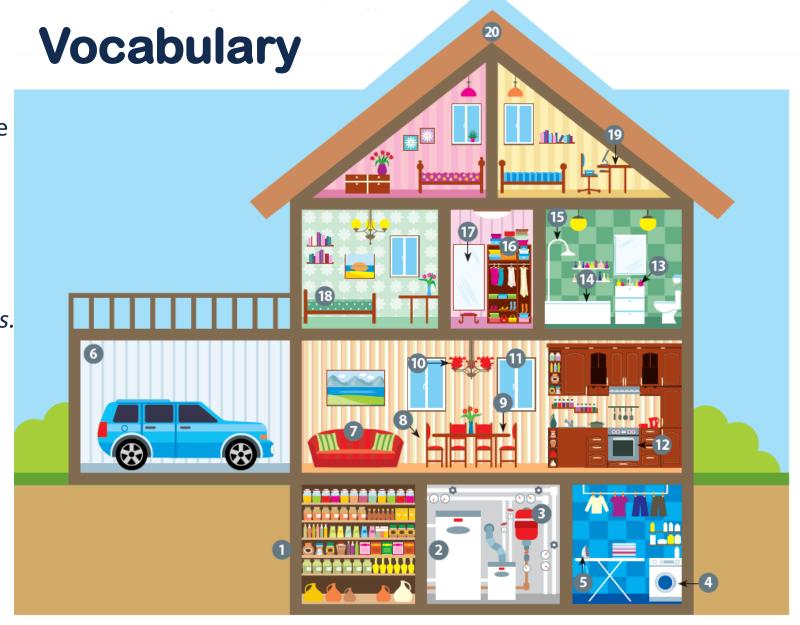


**Type of activity**: drill – completion (present perfect, prepositional phrases)

A typical Monday morning...

'I'm in a hurry and I can't find my car keys.
I've searched nearly everywhere but
I can't find them..
Could you help me please?'

Have you looked ...?





**Vocabulary activation:** booking an accommodation for holiday, description of a room/hostel/hotel

Type of activity: project work - simulation of a real life situation







### From sentence to discussion

**Type of activity:** building discussion (linking expressions, house and accommodation)

**Topic:** Living in a house is more comfortable than in a flat.

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Write three sentences in favour of the topic and three against.
- **2. Read out** your sentences to someone from other group.
- 3. Your classmate has to either agree or disagree with you using the expressions below.

### VYJÁDŘENÍ SOUHLASU S DRUHÝM ÚČASTNÍKEM HOVORU

**Absolutely/Of course/Right.** Naprosto/Samozřejmě/Správně.

I couldn't agree more. Nemohu souhlasit víc = Naprosto souhlasím.

I do agree that ... Ano, souhlasím, že ...

I'm of a similar opinion. Mám podobný názor.

Good idea. Dobrý nápad/Dobrá myšlenka.

#### VYJÁDŘENÍ NESOUHLASU S DRUHÝM ÚČASTNÍKEM HOVORU

I see what you mean, but ... Vím, co myslíte, ale ...

I see your point, but ... Vím, co myslíte, ale ...

**I'm afraid I don't agree at all.** Obávám se, že s vámi vůbec nesouhlasím

**I'm not convinced (about it).** Nejsem o tom přesvědčen.

**I'm of a totally different opinion.** Mám naprosto jiný názor.



### From sentence to discussion

#### **Topics:**

We are slaves of fashion brands.

Self-driving cars are definitely save.

E-books will soon replace the paper ones.

#### **Agreement:**

Absolutely/Of course/Right.
I couldn't agree more.
I do agree that....
I'm of a similar opinion.
Good Idea.

••••

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Write/prepare three sentences in favour of the topic and three against.
- Read out your sentences to someone from other group.
- 3. Your colleague has to either **agree** or **disagree** with you using the expressions below.

#### **Disagreement:**

I see what you mean, but...
I see your point, but...
I'm afraid I don't agree at all.
I'm not convinced (about it).
I'm of a totally different opinion.

• • •



# PRACTICE TO PERFECTION

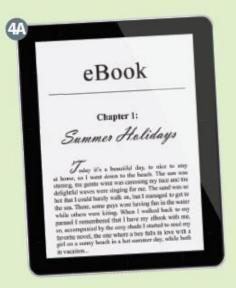
# PART FOUR Simulated Situation

Your class would like to give your teacher a gift at the end of the school year. You and your friend (the examiner) have been chosen to decide what present it would be. You should talk together about a few possible gifts and agree on one which would be the most suitable. The examiner will start the conversation.

The following ideas may help you:

- Commemorative value
- Practicality
- Cost
- Originality
- Teacher's interests
- Other

The following pictures may help you:





**OTHER** 





## Grammar

✓ Show students how a given grammar structure could be used to complete various types of speaking exam tasks.

# Conjunctions and linking expressions to express opinion/(dis)agreement

# maturitaworkout Speaking Parts 3/4

3 Translate the fragments in brackets into English to complete the examinee's answer correctly. Use correct conjunctions and linking words.

#### STATE AND SOCIETY

**EXAMINER:** Some people think voting in elections should be compulsory. What's your opinion?

#### EXAMINEE:

I can see their point <sup>1</sup> <u>but I don't agree</u> (ale já nesouhlasím) with them. Their argument is often that <sup>2</sup> (když nevolíš), you have no
right to complain about politicians and their actions.
<sup>3</sup> (Ale podle mého názoru), not
voting is a kind of vote too – showing that you're
against these particular politicians 4
(nebo neexistuje strana) you identify with. In this case,
(navzdory tomu, že nejdeš) to
the polling station, you still take an active part in the
election process. <sup>6</sup> (A ještě jedna
věc) – if voting was made compulsory, undecided
people would vote randomly, 7
(zatímco ti leniví) ones would just vote for the first
candidate on the list.



Type of activity: quidded communication game 'Cardversations'

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Choose one Maturita topic.
- 2. Prepare vocabulary and expressions concerning the topic.
- 3. Take turns in discussion using the following expressions randomly.
- Start discussion with the 'opening card' by saying, The first thing is that... completing the sentence appropriately.
- 5. Each card can be played only once.
- 6. End the discussion with the 'closing card'.

OPEN The first thing is that	I think that
But take the example of	I agree, because
I disagree, because	The main point is that
Maybe, but I still think	Yes, but
To go back to	I am quite sure that
In my experience	CLOSE  Can I make one final point?



# Present perfect tenses to answer questions

# maturitaworkout SPEAKING PART 1

Complete the fragments of examinee's answers with the correct forms of the verbs. Use Present Perfect Simple or Present Perfect Continuous.

#### **FOOD**

**Examiner:** Do you enjoy cooking? (Why?/Why not?)

#### **EXAMINEE:**

Yes, I love cooking. I <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (experiment) with different recipes since I was a little girl. For me, cooking is a kind of art.

#### **FAMILY AND SOCIAL LIFE**

**EXAMINER:** Do you have a close friend? Tell me about him/her.

#### **EXAMINEE:**

My best friend is my boyfriend Tom.

I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (know) him since I was a child and we <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (go out) together for a year.

#### **CULTURE**

**EXAMINER:** Can you play a musical instrument? Tell me about it. / Would you like to?

#### EXAMINEE:

Yes, I can play the piano. I <sup>4</sup>	(play)
it since the beginning of primary school, so I'm	quite
good at it. I can also play a tune or two on the t	rumpet.
15(just/start) learning to p	lay it,
so I can't play very well yet.	-



# Indirect speech to retell the experience

# PART THREE Topic Presentation and Discussion

In this task you are going to speak about **your** last visit to the doctor. Before the presentation, write your answer using indirect speech as much as possible.

**EXAMINER:** Tell me about your last visit to the doctor.

**EXAMINEE:** 

Read the examinee's answer to the examiner's question. Complete the gaps with the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

**EXAMINER:** Tell me about your last visit to the doctor.

#### **EXAMINEE:**

Last time I went to see the doctor was last winter.
I didn't feel well in the morning and my mum told me
1 to stay (stay) in bed instead of going to school.
She said I 2 (feel) better the next day. But
I didn't. I was sweating, had a fever and a terrible cold.
Mum asked me if I <sup>3</sup> (want) breakfast but
I told her that I 4 (not feel) like eating at all.
We went to see the doctor in the afternoon. He asked
me how long I <sup>5</sup> (had) these symptoms. He
then examined my throat and said that it 6
(be) nothing serious. He prescribed paracetamol and
told me <sup>7</sup> (take) one tablet every six hours.
He also told me <sup>8</sup> (not go) to school for the
rest of the week.



# **Present continuous:** to describe a picture





Read the description of the photograph below. Complete it with the verbs in the correct form.



<sup>\*</sup> it's called a snorkel

# maturitaworkout Speaking Part 2

Look at the photo. Then circle the modal verbs that complete the description correctly.



# Modal verbs: to describe a picture

#### **Exam Results**

There are four people in the picture: one girl and three adults. They 'might / mustn't / couldn't be in a classroom in a high school or college. It 'can't / may not / might not be a primary school because the girl looks too old.

Two of the adults and the girl are smiling; the third adult is cleaning what <sup>3</sup> must / can / must not be the whiteboard in the classroom. I'm not certain but I think that the adults <sup>4</sup> might / must / can be the girls' teachers.

The girl is holding a sheet of paper. It's probably the results of her last exam or it 5 can / must / may be her school report. It 6 must / could not / can be good as I can see A+ written at the top. I imagine that the girl 7 must not / can't / could wait to tell her friends the news.



# PRACTICE TO PERFECTION

#### Task One

Look at the pictures. Choose one of the pictures and describe it.

The following ideas may help you:

- People
- Place
- Clothes
- Activities
- Atmosphere
- Other

#### Task Two

Look at both pictures once more and compare them.

The ideas in Task One may help you.

#### Task Three

Talk about the last time you went to the cinema or a theatre.

- Why did you choose this film/play?
- Would you recommend it to your friends? Why?/Why not?
- Do you prefer going to the cinema or theatre?
   Why?

# PART TWO Photo Description





# REQUIREMENTS AND STRATEGIES



# Structure of Speaking Exam

PART	TASK	Knowledge/competence	Timing
INTRODUCTION		Introduce oneself	0,5 min.
ONE		General conversation	2,5 min.
TWO	1,2,3	Photo description	4 min.
THREE	1,2	Topic presentation and discussion	5 min.
FOUR		Simulated situation	3 min.

#### **Assessment requirements:**

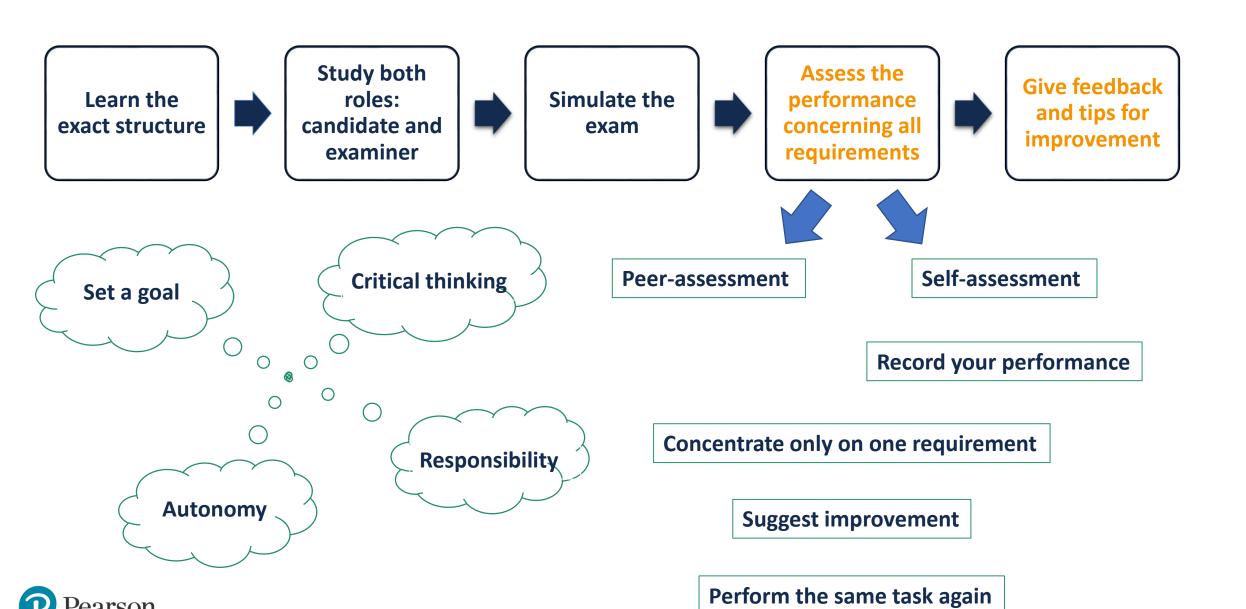
44 %

of total 39 points to pass: minimum 18 points

#### **Assessment criteria:**

- I. Instruction / content and presentation
- II. Lexical competence
- III. Grammar competence and linking expressions
- IV. Phonetic competence





# PRACTICE TO PERFECTION

# Interlocutor's Task Sheet PART ONE

**General conversation** 

#### **Examiner:**

Now I am going to ask you a few questions. Let's get started!

1 What sort of things do you do to keep healthy?

#### Candidate speaks

Additional questions the Examiner can ask:

- Do you do any sports?
- Do you ever spend time in the open air?
- Do you eat healthily?

Let's move on to a new topic.

2 If you could choose, what other part of the world would you most like to live in?

#### Candidate speaks

Additional questions the Examiner can ask:

- Why? What are the people like there?
- · What's the climate like?
- Would you like to live in a city or in the countryside?

I see, that's interesting. Now let's move on to shopping.

3 Have you ever bought anything because you saw it in an advertisement?

#### Candidate speaks

Additional questions the Examiner can ask:

- · What was it? Was it useful?
- What kind of ad was it TV, billboard, magazine?
- What types of ads do you prefer and why?

Thank you very much. That's the end of your first task.



# PRACTICE TO PERFECTION

#### A bad model response

CD1-18 Look at the photo below and listen to a student trying to describe it. What is his difficulty?





#### A good model response

- Answer the questions.
  - 1 Who's in the photo?
  - 2 Where are they?
  - 3 What are they doing?
  - 4 What adjectives could you use to describe the people?
  - 5 How are the people dressed?
  - 6 Why do you think they are behaving in this way?
  - 7 How are they feeling? Why do you think so?
  - 8 What do you think they are saying?
- **9** What do you think happened before?
- 10 What do you think is going to happen next?
- 4 Describe the photo, using your answers from Exercise 3.
- CD1-19 Listen to a sample description and compare it with yours.

#### **PART TWO Photo Description** 6 Look at photos A and B. Choose one of the photos

Relationships

Other

**PART TWO** 

- and describe it. The following ideas may help you:
- · People
- Places Feelings
- Activities Clothes





7 Look at both photos once more and compare them. What is similar or the same? What is different?



# **Speaking Exam Strategies Portfolio**

- ✓ Listen carefully to the questions.
- ✓ If you don't understand the question, ask the examiner to repeat it.
- ✓ Speak clearly and slower than you normally do.
- ✓ Answer in full sentences.

#### JAK POŽÁDAT O ZOPAKOVÁNÍ OTÁZKY

**Could you repeat that please?** Mohl byste to, prosim, zopakovat?

**Sorry, I didn't hear/catch that.** Prominte, neslysel jsem.

Pardon? Prosím?

#### JAK POŽÁDAT O VYSVĚTLENÍ/OBJASNĚNÍ NEZNÁMÉ FRÁZE

**I'm afraid I don't understand.** Obávám se, že nerozumím.

I don't know what it means. Nevím, co to znamená. Could you explain this word to me? Mohl byste mi vysvětlit tohle slovo?

**I'm not sure – does it mean ... ?** Nejsem si jist – znamená to ... ?



- ✓ Take a few seconds to think before you answer.
- ✓ While thinking about what to say, use little expressions:
  'Er', 'Actually' or 'Well' and phrases:



#### Přemýšlení a hra o čas

Well, I don't know. Já nevím.

It's hard to say, really. To je opravdu těžko říci.

There are many possible ways in which you can understand/explain/do it. Je mnoho možností/způsobů, jak tomu rozumět/jak to vysvětlit/udělat.

One possible way is ... Jedna možnost/Jeden způsob je ...

For example, ... Například ...

May I think for a second? Mohu chviličku přemýšlet? Let me think for a moment. Nechte mne chvíli přemýšlet.

It's difficult to say, but ... Těžko říci, ale ...



### ✓ Practise answering simple questions about yourself:

#### Z daných slov utvořte otázky.

- a one/describe/you/of/can/friends/your? Can <u>you describe one of your friends?</u>
- b ideal/your/is/home/like/what? What \_\_\_\_\_
- c favourite/your/was/subject/school/what/at? What \_\_\_\_\_
- d parents/do/your/what/do? What
- What \_\_\_\_\_\_e food/do/you/nationality/best/what/like? What
- f you/shopping/how/do/often/go? How\_\_\_\_

Přečtěte si následující otázky. Odpovězte na ně celými větami a v odpovědích použijte daná slova.

- 1 Where did you go for your summer holiday last year?
  - go/to/Rome/with/parents
  - stay/at/hotel/which/15 minutes/from/city centre
  - see/all/famous sights/and/favourite/Colosseum
  - also/go on/2-week Italian course/at/language school





### ✓ Warm-up activity:

#### Education

- 1 What do you think is the best way of learning a foreign language?
- Which subjects do you enjoy learning the most and which the least? Why?

#### Sport

- 3 What kind of sports are you interested in?
- 4 What do you think about extreme sports? Why do people do them?

#### Your daily routine and lifestyle

- 5 What is your typical day? Describe your daily routine.
- 6 What is the best thing about being a teenager nowadays?

#### Free time and hobbies

- 9 How do you spend your free time? Do you have any hobbies?
- 10 What kind of films do you like watching? What kind of films do you dislike?

#### Modern problems

F

- 11 What are the advantages/disadvantages of living in the city and in the countryside?
- 12 It is said that people watch too much television nowadays. Do you agree?

### Holidays and travelling

- 7 Where did you spend your last summer? Who did you go with and what did you do?
- 8 Where would you like to go for a dream holiday?



✓ Learn vocabulary for common topics and sort it according to topics: school, family, free time, daily routines and future plans...

#### Clothes and Accessories

#### SHOES AND ACCESSORIES

accessories (n) /əkˈsesərɪz/ doplňky baseball cap (n) /'beisboil kæp/ kšiltovka belt (n) /belt/ pásek boots (n) /bu:ts/ boty (vysoké) briefcase (n) /bri:fkeis/ aktovka. kufřík flat shoes (n) /flæt 'suz/ boty bez podpatku glasses (n) / glassez/ brýle gloves (n) /glavz/ rukavice handbag (n) /hændbæg/ kabelka hat (n) /hæt/ klobouk, pletená čepice high heels (n) /haɪ 'hi:lz/ vysoké podpatky jewellery (n) /ˈdʒuːəlri/ šperky, biżuterie sandals (n) /'sændəlz/ sandály scarf (n) /ska:f/ šátek, šála shoes (n) / suz/ boty trainers (n) /'treməz/ sportovní obuv woolly hat (n) /wuli 'hæt/ zimní čepice (pletená)

#### ADJECTIVES

baggy (adj) /ˈbægi/ volný, široký checked (adi) /t(ekt/ kostkovaný denim (adj) /'denim/ dżinový knitted (adj) /'nɪtɪd/ pletený leather (adj) /'leðə/ kožený lightweight (adj) /'laɪtweɪt/ lehký sleeveless (adj) /ˈsliːvləs/ bez rukávů striped (adj) /straipt/ pruhovaný tight (adj) /taɪt/ přiléhavý, těsný waterproof (adj) /'woxtəpru:f/ nepromokavý

#### STYLE

casual (adj) /ˈkæʒuəl/ neformální, běžné elegant/smart (adj) /'eləgənt, sma:t/ elegantní fashionable (adj) /'fæ[ənəbəl/ módní style (n) /stail/ styl

#### VERBS

dress (v) /dres/ oblékat (se) fit (v) /fit/ padnout (velikostí) match (ν) /mætʃ/ hodit se (vzorem) suit (ν) /su:t/ slušet (někomu, odpovídat stylem) wear (ν) /weə/ nosit, mít na sobě

#### USEFUL EXPRESSIONS

dress up vystrojit se, naparádit se dress up as sb/sth obléknout se jako get dressed obléknouti se put on vzít si na sebe take off svléknout, sundat si

#### CLOTHES

anorak (n) /ˈænəræk/ nepromokavá bunda blouse (n) /blauz/ blůza boxer shorts (n) /bpksə (bits/ boxerky bra (n) /bra:/ podprsenka clothes (n) /kləuðz/ oblečení coat (n) /kəut/ plášť, kabát dress (n) /dres/ šatv hooded sweatshirt (n) /hudid ˈswet[ɜːt/ mikina s kapucí jacket (n) /'d3ækit/ sako, bunda jeans (n) /dzi:nz/ džíny jumper (n) /'dʒʌmpə/ svetr pants (n) (AmE) /pænts/ kalhoty, spodní kalhotky pullover (n) /'pulauva/ pulovr pyjamas (n) /pəˈdʒɑ:məz/ pyżamo shirt (n) /(s:t/ košile shorts (n) /so:ts/ šortky skirt (n) /sks:t/ sukně sock (n) /spk/ ponožka suit (n) /surt/ oblek sweater (n) /'sweta/ svetr swimming trunks (n) /ˈswimin tranks/ plavky (pánské) swimsuit (n) /'swimsuit/ plavky T-shirt (n) /'ti: (3:t/ tričko tie (n) /tai/ kravata tights (n) /taɪts/ punčocháče top (n) /tpp/ top, vrchní díl oblečení tracksuit (n) /'træksu:t/ tepláky trousers (n) (BrE) /trauzəz/ kalhoty underpants (n) /'Andapænts / slipy underwear (n) /'Andawea/ spodní prádlo uniform (n) /'juməfəm/ uniforma school ~ /sku:l 'jumeform/ školní uniforma



### ✓ Learn model phrases to describe and compare pictures.

#### POPIS FOTOGRAFIE/OBRÁZKU

**The picture shows ...** Obrázek ukazuje ...

In this photo I can see ... Na obrázku vidíme ...

**There is/are ... in this picture.** Na obrázku je/jsou...

On the right/left there is/are ... Vlevo/vpravo je/ jsou ...

In the left/right hand corner ... V levém/pravém rohu ...

**In the foreground/background ...** V popředí/V pozadí ...

In the top/bottom part of the picture there is/are ... V horní/dolní části obrázku je/jsou ...

The people in the picture are ... Lidé na obrázku jsou ...

#### INTERPRETACE SITUACE ZACHYCENÉ NA FOTOGRAFII/OBRÁZKU

The people in the photo look/seem happy/sad because ... Lidé na obrázku vypadají/zdají se být šťastní/smutní, protože ...

The people in the picture don't look/seem happy because ... Lidé na obrázku nevypadají/nezdají se být šťastní, protože ...

The people in the picture can/must be (...) because ... Lidé na obrázku mohou/musí být (...), protože ...

The general atmosphere in the picture is positive/ negative because ... Atmosféra zachycená na obrázku je pozitivní/negativní, protože ...

#### POROVNÁVÁNÍ FOTOGRAFIÍ/OBRÁZKŮ

**Both photos show ...** Oba obrázky ukazují ... **In both pictures the people are ...** Na obou obrázcích lidé ...

But the [man/woman/place] in photo A is more ... than the other one.

Ale muž/žena/místo na obrázku A je víc ... než ten/ta/to druhý/druhá/druhé.

The [man/woman/place] in picture A looks ..., while the one in picture B is ...

Muž/žena/místo na obrázku A vypadá ..., zatímco na obrázku B ...

The similarities are ... Shodné jsou ...

The main difference is [that] ... Hlavní rozdíl je, (že)

...

In contrast, ... Na rozdíl od/Naopak ...

**Personally, I'd prefer ...** Osobně bych dal přednost ...



- ✓ Prepare your presentation carefully and mind three basic parts: introduction body conclusion.
- ✓ Learn general phrases to present the plan of your presentation:

#### **OBECNÉ FRÁZE**

**I'm going to talk/tell you something about ...** Budu mluvit o .../Řeknu vám něco o ...

I would like to talk about/focus on [three] main points ... Chtěl bych mluvit o .../zaměřit se na (tři) hlavní body ...

I have divided my talk into [four] parts ... Svoji řeč jsem rozdělil(a) do (čtyř) částí ...

To begin with/First of all, let me tell you about ... Začnu s ... /Nejprve mi dovolte pohovořit o ...

**Secondly, ... /Let me now move on to ...** Zadruhé .../Teď mi dovolte přejít k ...

**This brings me to my [second/third] point ...** Teď se dostáváme ke (druhému/třetímu) bodu ...

Thirdly, ... / Another interesting aspect is ... Zatřetí ... / Další zajímavý aspekt je ...

Finally, ... Nakonec ...

To conclude, ... Závěrem ...

Have you got any questions? Máte nějaké otázky?

**Are there any questions you'd like to ask?** Chtěli byste se něco zeptat?



- ✓ While discussing and searching for agreement mention both advantages/disadvantages
  of the suggestion.
- ✓ Learn model phrases for discussing.

#### VYJÁDŘENÍ A OBHÁJENÍ VLASTNÍHO NÁZORU

I'm sure it's better to ... Jsem si jist, že je lepší ... I think the best idea is to ... Myslím, že nejlepší nápad je ...

**In my opinion, ...** Podle mého názoru ...

If you ask me, ... Když se mne (ze)ptáte ...

#### VYJÁDŘENÍ NÁVRHU

**So instead of (...), we could ...** Takže místo (...), můžeme ...

Why don't we ...? Proč... (něco neuděláme)?

How about ...? A což ...?

Why not ...? Proč ne... (něco neudělat)?

**Could I/we ...?** Mohl bych/Mohli bychom ...?

**Do you think we could ...?** Myslíte, že bychom mohli

I think you should ... Myslím, že byste měl ...

**If I were you, I would ...** Kdybych byl vámi, tak bych ...

**I'd like you to accept this idea.** Rád bych tu myšlenku přijal.

#### PŘIJETÍ NÁVRHU

OK./All right. OK./Dobře.

Let's do as you suggested. Udělejme to tak,

jak navrhujete.

Good/Great idea. Dobře./Výborný nápad.

OK, let's do that. OK, udělejme to.

Yes./Sure! Ano./Samozřejmě!

That's fine with me. Nic proti tomu nemám.

#### **ODMÍTNUTÍ NÁVRHU**

I don't think it's the best idea/solution/suggestion. Nemyslím, že je to nejlepší nápad/řešení/návrh.

I think it's too/not (...) enough. Myslím, že je to příliš...

I don't think it's (...) enough. Nemyslím, že je to příliš ...

**No, I don't think you/we could ...** Ne, nemyslím, že byste mohl/bychom mohli ...

**I'm afraid it's not possible.** Obávám se, že to není možné.

I can't agree because ... Nemohu souhlasit, protože ...

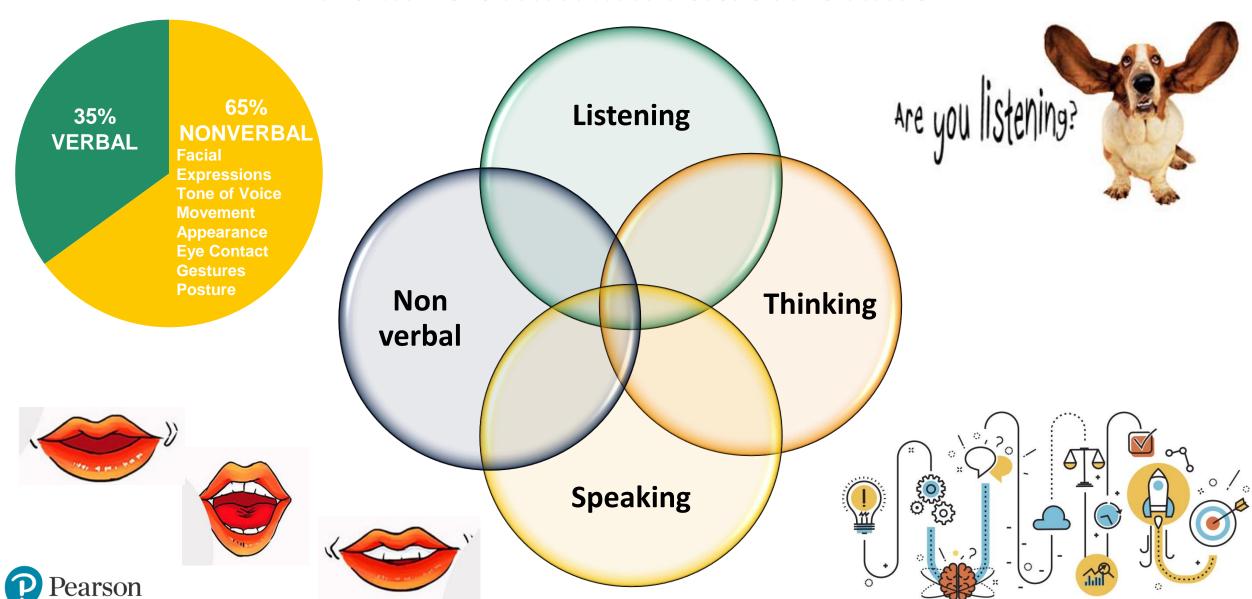
**That's (absolutely) out of the question.** To je naprosto mimo diskuzi.



# COMMUNICATION & PRESENTATION SKILLS



# **Four Communication Skills**



# **Presentation Skills**



**Planning** 

**Delivering** 



# 8.6 Speaking

Giving a presentation

I can give a presentation on a natural wonder.

- 1 In pairs, follow the instructions.
  - Make a list of well-known natural wonders.
  - Compare your list with another pair.
  - In groups of four, discuss which of the places you have visited or would like to visit.
- 2 Look at the photo and describe it using the words in the box.

cave/cavern crystal minerals geologists underground

3 CD-3.30 MP3-127 You are going to listen to a presentation about the Giant Crystal Cave How will the information below relate to the topic? Listen and check.

1 the year 2000

4 58 degrees Celsius

2 half a million years

5 10 minutes

**3** 55 tons

4 CD-3.30 MP3-127 Complete the SPEAKING FOCUS with the words in the box. Then listen again and check.

aware during free familiar realise wondered





#### **SPEAKING FOCUS**

#### Introducing the topic

Have you ever thought about/considered/ how/why/what ...? my/this presentation, I plan to tell vou about ... You may be wondering why I've chosen to talk about ... today. Well, let me explain ... Introducing familiar information We are (probably) all 3\_\_\_\_\_ with ...

#### Introducing surprising information

Perhaps you have heard of/about ...

You may be 4 that ...

You may already know that ...

Most people aren't aware/don't 5\_\_\_\_\_ ... ... but, did you know that ...? You might not know that ...

#### Finishing your presentation

OK, that's all from me.

Thank you for listening.

I hope you found the presentation interesting. If anyone has any questions, please feel 6\_\_\_\_\_ to ask now.



1 You may be

#### Complete the extracts from presentations with words and phrases from the SPEAKING FOCUS.

•	Tournay be willy I've choself to talk about it a zong bay it
	Vietnam today. Well, let me explain.
2	You may already that Komodo, an island in Indonesia, is
	home to the famous Komodo Dragon, the biggest lizard alive on
	the planet today.
3	Perhaps you have of Table Mountain in South Africa. It
	rises high above the city of Cape Town.
4	We are probably all familiar with the Amazon River, in South
	America, but most people aren't that it was chosen as
	one of the new Seven Wonders of the World in 2011.
5	Thanks for listening. If has any questions, please feel free
	to ask now

why I've chosen to talk about Ha Long Bay in



#### Which of these are good tips on giving presentations? Tick one sentence in each pair. Then compare with a partner.

- 1 a Speak with a clear voice at a natural speed.
  - **b** Speak quickly and quietly.
- 2 a Don't look at the audience.
  - **b** Make eye contact with the audience.
- 3 a Ask the audience questions to keep them involved.
  - **b** Don't ask the audience questions.
- 4 a Write a script and read out every word when you present.
  - **b** Have some notes with you but don't read them out.
- 5 a If you forget something, keep going. No one will notice.
  - **b** If you forget something, say sorry and finish the presentation.
- 6 a When you finish, sit down as quickly as possible.
  - **b** When you finish, thank the audience and invite questions.



#### Prepare a presentation on a natural wonder. Follow these steps.

- 1 Select a natural wonder that interests you.
- 2 Do some research and plan your presentation.
- 3 Find some interesting photos to illustrate the presentation if possible.
- 4 Select useful language from the SPEAKING FOCUS. .
- 5 Study and practise your presentation.
- 6 Give your presentation to the class. Follow the advice in Exercise 6.



# PRACTICE TO PERFECTION

Read the text quickly and list the UNESCO sites mentioned in it.

#### UNESCO SUPERPOWER

The Czech Republic prides itself on having twelve UNESCO cultural treasures within its borders!

Of course, as number one on the list you will find Prague – the capital city whose history goes back to the 9th century. This unique city offers unforgettable sights such as the Prague Castle, Charles Bridge, Vyšehrad, the picturesque lanes of Hradčany, the Old Town and the Lesser Quarter, as well as numerous churches, palaces and monuments. Everything within an area of 800 hectars!

There are also other historical centres and urban reservations on the UNESCO list worth seeing: Český Krumlov, a pearl of the Renaissance with rococo gardens and a baroque theatre, which has got a medieval core, or Kutná Hora known for its medieval buildings, St. Barbara Church, Sedlec Ossuary and Italian Court (former royal mint).

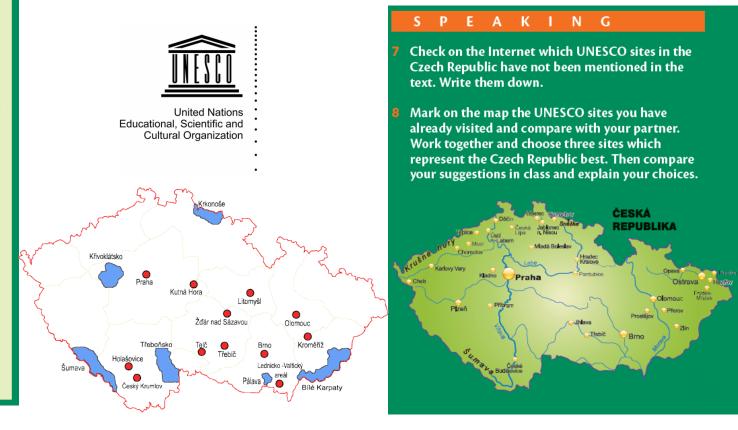
If you prefer greener areas, plan a trip to **Kroměříž** where you can visit not only the Archbishop's Palace and Castle, but also two wonderful gardens – Podzámecká and Květná.

You can't miss **Třebíč** which is a symbol of close co-existence of Christian and Jewish cultures. Visitors can admire St.Prokop's Basilica and the Jewish quarter with the cemetery. However, it is not only the cities that you should explore for World Heritage Sites. Go to **Holašovice** – a village with the 18th and 19th century buildings in so called *South Bohemian Folk Baroque*.

Sometimes it's only a single monument or building which is inscribed on the UNESCO list, as is the case with **Tugendhat Villa in Brno** or the 18th century **Holy Trinity Column**, a 35 metre high plague memorial in **Olomouc**.

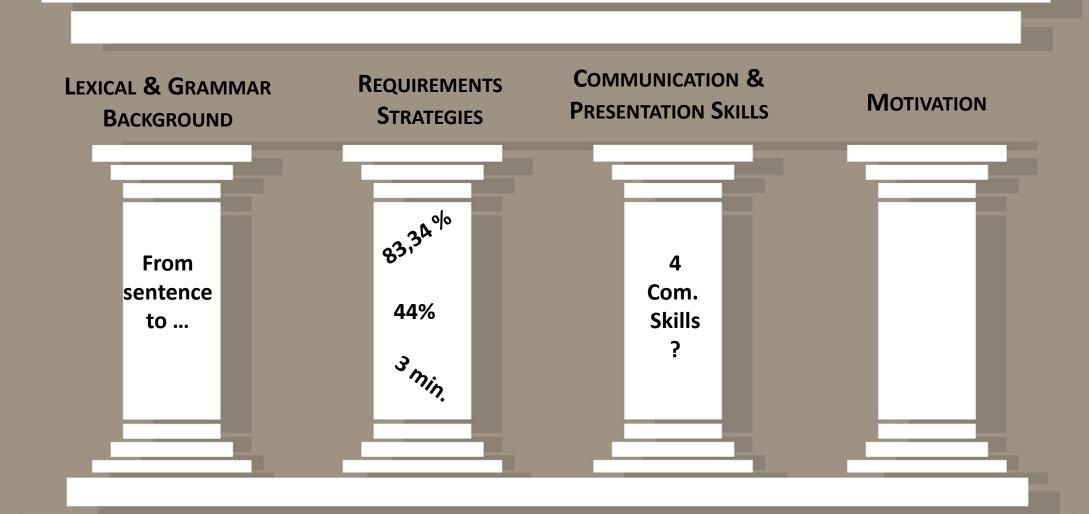
#### **PART THREE**

Topic Presentation
Culture of the CR





### TO SUM UP...



# Motivation



### **Tips and tricks**

- ✓ pass the Maturita exam
- ✓ be able to communicate while travelling
- **√** get better job opportunities
- ✓ study abroad
- ✓ pass international examse.g. Cambridge Preliminary, First, Advanced...
- ✓interdisciplinary approach (CLIL)
- √ your tips and tricks...







Danka Sekerková

+420 725 578 551

metodik@venturesbooks.com

# **Enjoy shaping Super-Speakers.**

