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Sandy Zervas, Catherine Bright NIDER WORLD Student's Book and eBook WORLD SECOND EDITION

Set for learning, set for life in the WIDER WORLD





BBC

Sandy Zervas, Catherine Bright

NIDER WORLD

SECOND EDITION

Student's Book and eBook

Table of contents

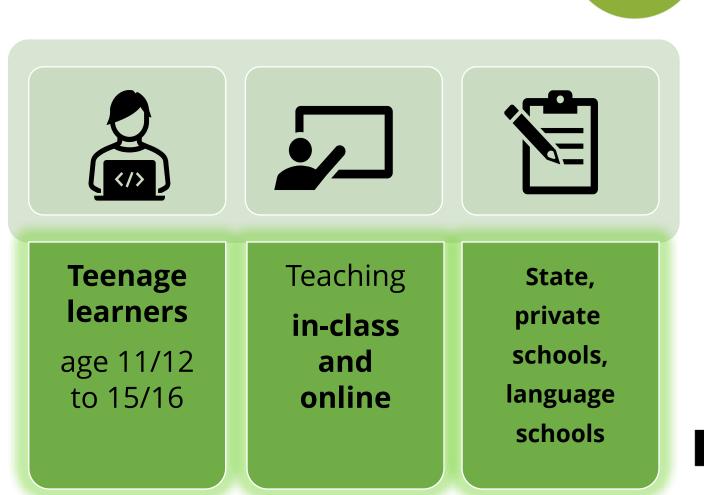
- Basic information
- Why is Wider World unique?
- Student's book structure
- Unit structure
- A closer look at SB, WB, TB
- Components
- What is new?

Basic information

- British English
- 5 levels
- CEFR: <A1 B1+
- GSE: 10 55

earson

- 3 5 hrs/week
- 72 120 hrs/year

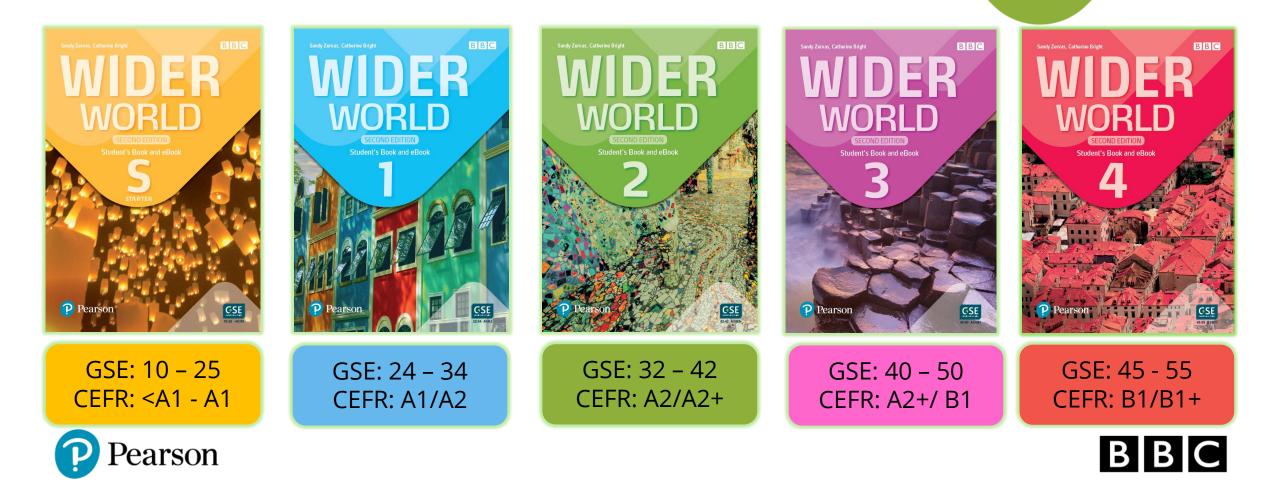




WIDER

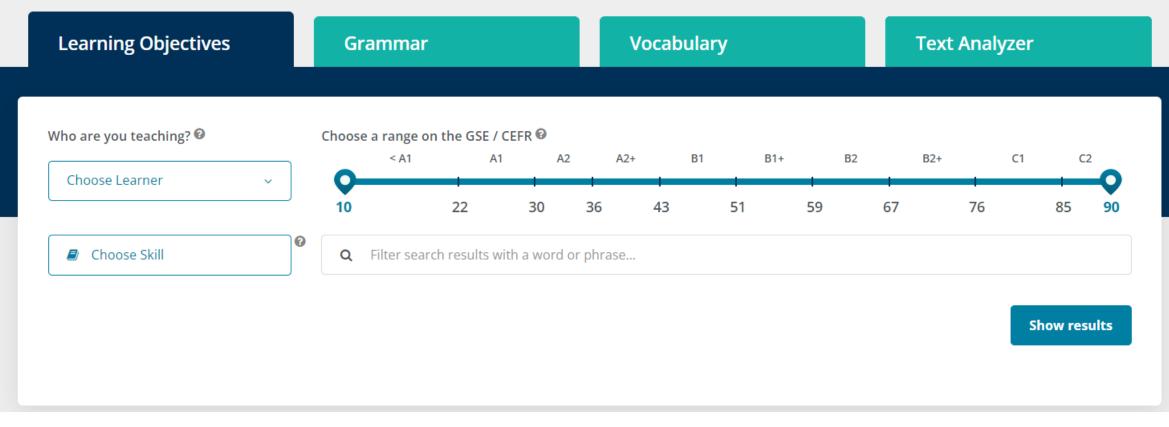
WORLD

Levels according to GSE and CEFR WORLD



GSE – Global Scale of English

WORLD SECOND EDITION







GSE – Global Scale of English

WORLD SECOND EDITION

Learning Objectives								ulary					Analy		
Who are you teaching? 🛿	С	hoose a range on <	the GSE / C A1	EFR 🕑	A2	A2+		B1	B1+		B2	B2+		C1	C2
Young Learners (6-14) 🗸 🗸 🗸					-0	A2+			DI+			DZT		CT.	C2
		10	22 24	30	33 3	6	43	5	1	59	67		76	85	90
Choose Skill	8	Q Filter search	n results wi	th a wo	ord or p	hrase									
Hide filters (6)		Clear all filters												Show r	esults
Learner GSE															
	33 🗙														
Skills															
Listening 🗙 Reading 🗙	Spool	king 🗙 Writi	ing 🗙												





GSE tool kit

P

https://www.english.com/gse/teacher-toolkit/user/lo

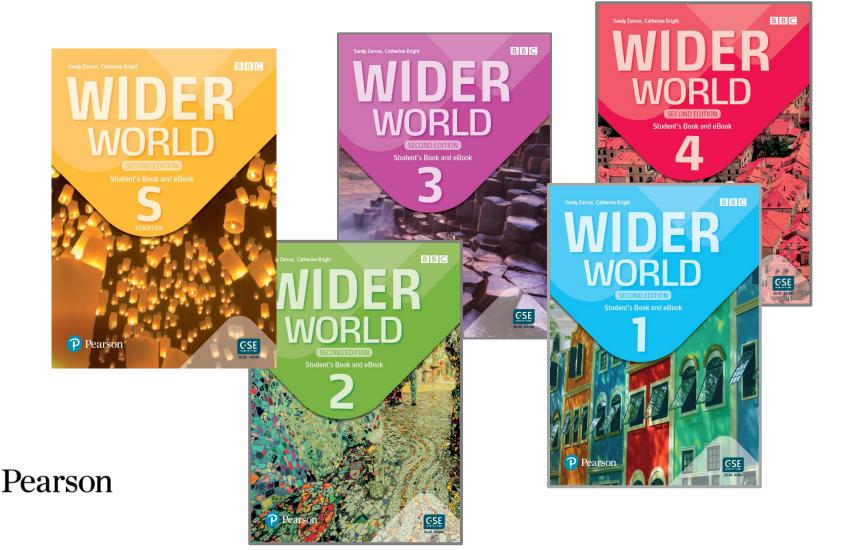
		Download	Find coursebook
LEARNING OBJECTIVES ≑	SKILL \$	GSE 🗢	CEFR \$
Can answer simple questions about objects (e.g. colour, size). ©	Speaking	22	A1 (22-29)
Can understand simple contractions (e.g. 'l'm', 'he's', 'we're'). ©	Reading	22	A1 (22-29)
Can tell the time of day to within five minutes. ©	Speaking	22	A1 (22-29)
Can understand basic questions about what things are in their immediate surroundings or in pictures (e.g. 'What's this?'). ©	Listening	22	A1 (22-29)
Can sing a basic song from memory. ©	Speaking	22	A1 (22-29)
Can take part in basic games that use fixed expressions or rhymes. ©	Speaking	22	A1 (22-29)



WIDER

WORLD

Why is Wider World so unique? WORLD





BBC and Pearson partnership BBC videos

 New videos reflecting important topics such as culture, global citizenship, and themes promoting diversity and inclusion



• With the possibility of audioscript they help to understand authentic speech



 Includes wide range of videos - cultural, VOX POPS short videos, videos about teenagers and their families





WIDER

SECOND EDITION

BBC



WIDER WORLD

BBC

a completely NEW integrated programme for developing personal

and social skills



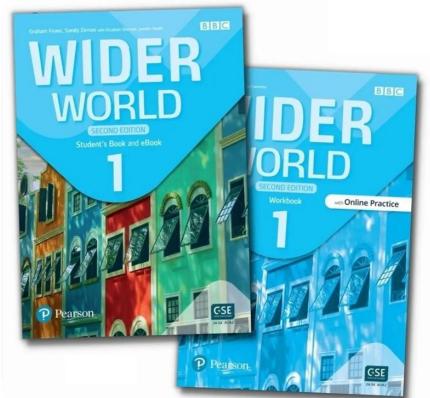


Extended reading and writing programme

- Extra focus on the gradual development of writing and reading skills
- Better opportunities to learn, practice, and recycle the language
- Usage in more authentic contexts









WORLD

Extra support for mixed-ability classes

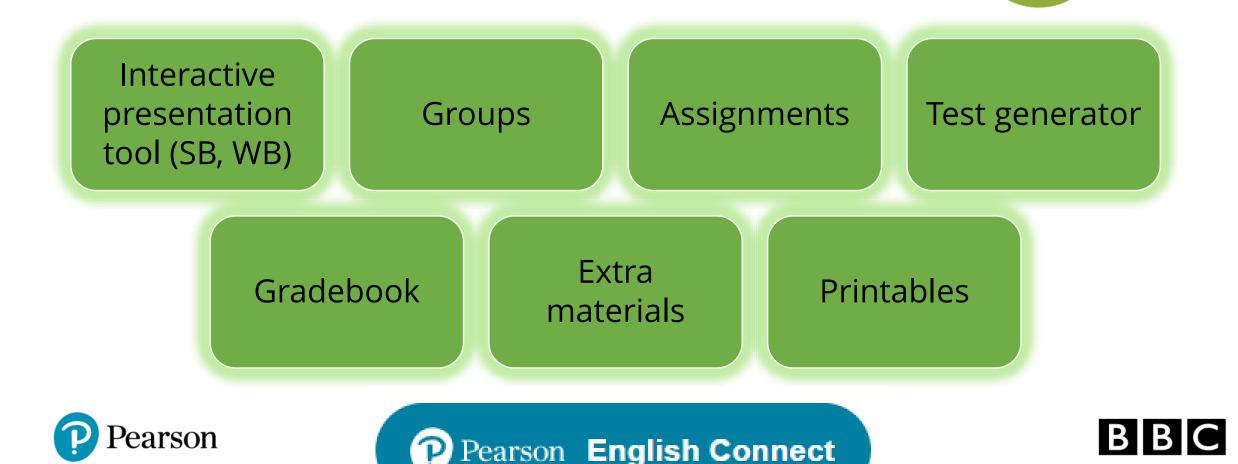
- An extended range of support materials
- An enhanced support for personalising learning
- Possibility of responding to the needs of students with different learning needs







Wider World on Pearson English Connect



WIDER

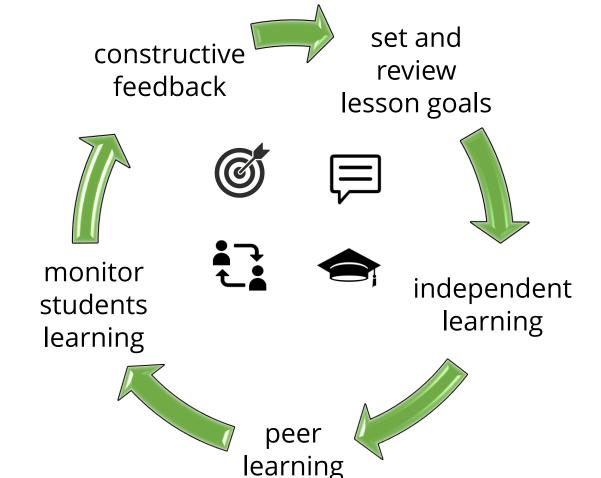
WORLD

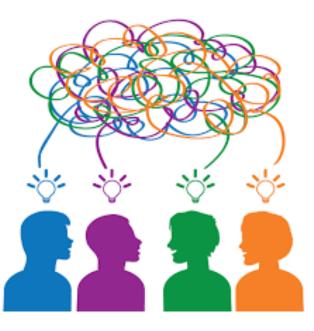
Assessment for learning

• **Teaching notes** in every lesson with guidelines on how to

integrate elements of **Assessment for learning**

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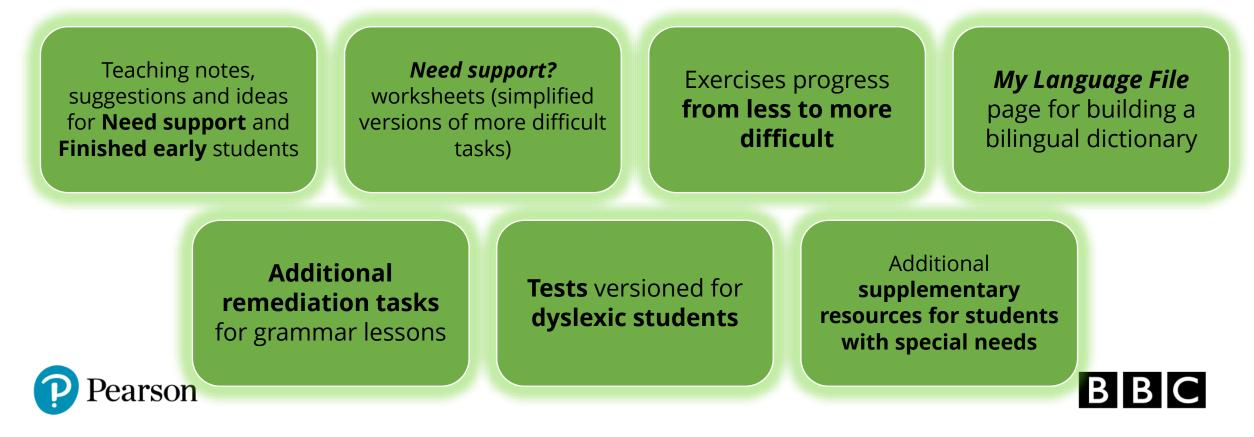
WORLD

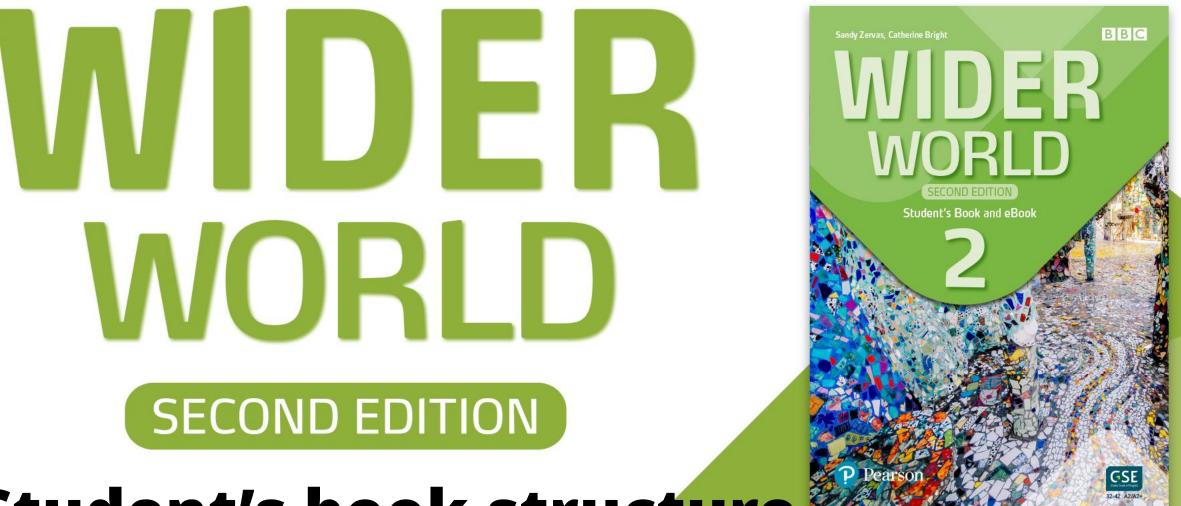


Inclusive classroom

• Strategies and materials to cater for mixed-ability and neurodiversity in the classroom







Student's book structure





Student's book structure



Introductory (zero) unit + 9 units

At the end of the units - either **Set for Life** section or **BBC Culture** section

"

Every unit closed with a *unit revision* Cumulative progress check (units 1-3, 1-6, 1-9) Grammar time section

Х[°]



Irregular verbs

Student activities CLIL section (e.g. literature, history, science)

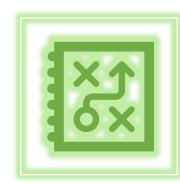




A closer look at...









Student's book

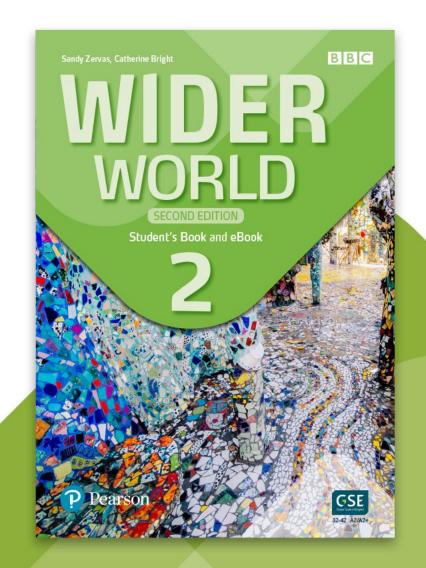
Workbook

Teacher's book





MORLD SECOND EDITION **Unit 1 Student's Book** walkthrough



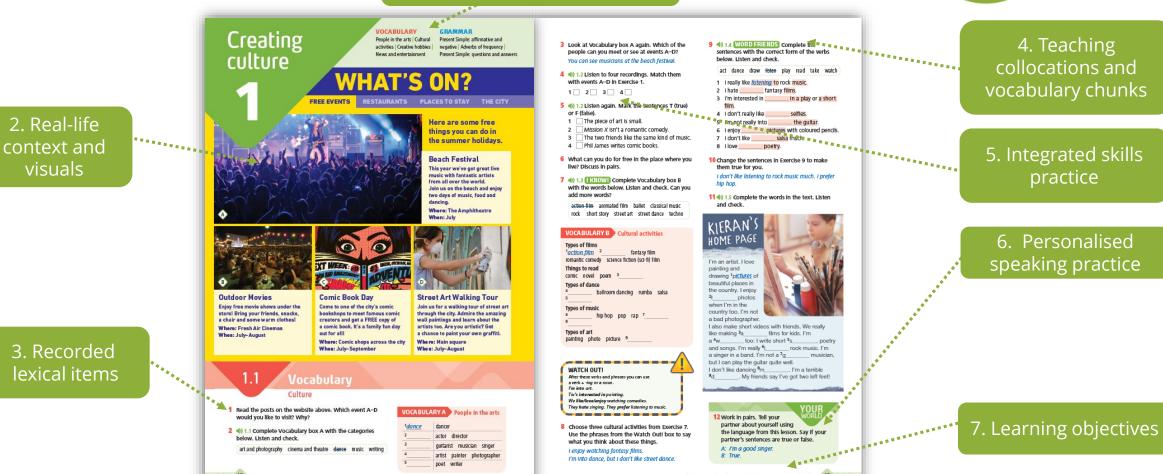




Lesson 1: Vocabulary

Unit 1 12

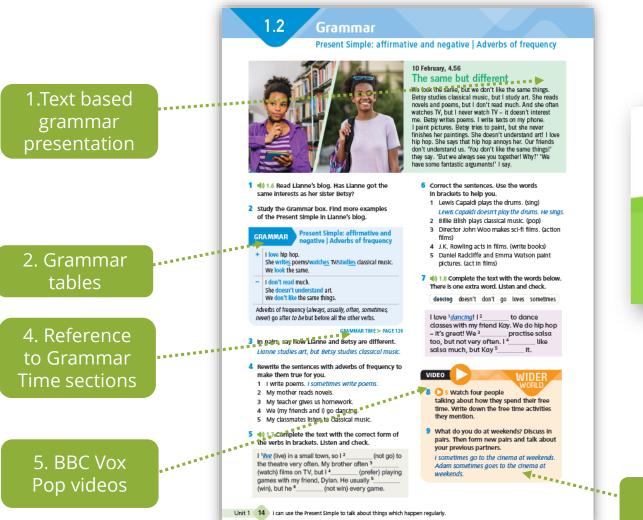
1. Summary of unit vocabulary and grammar content



I can talk about people in the arts, cultural activities, likes and dislikes. 13 Unit 1

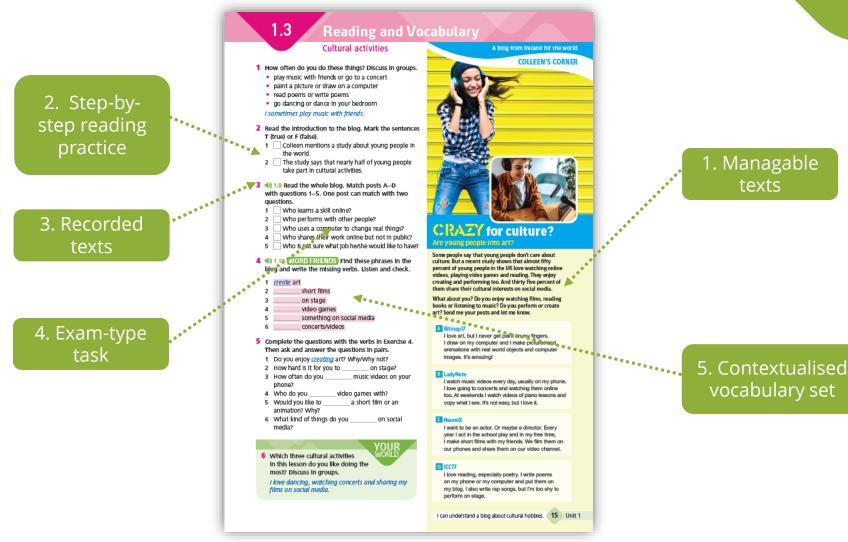
WIDER WORLD

Lesson 2: Grammar





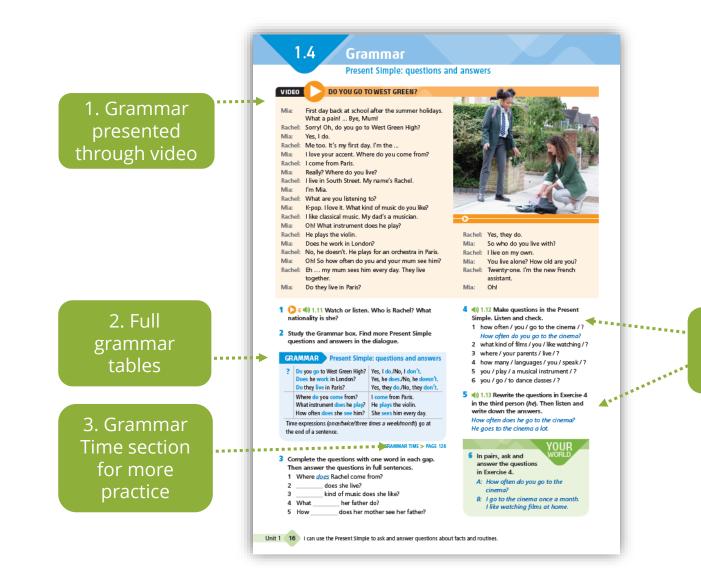
Lesson 3: Reading and vocabulary



WIDER

WORLD

Lesson 4: Grammar

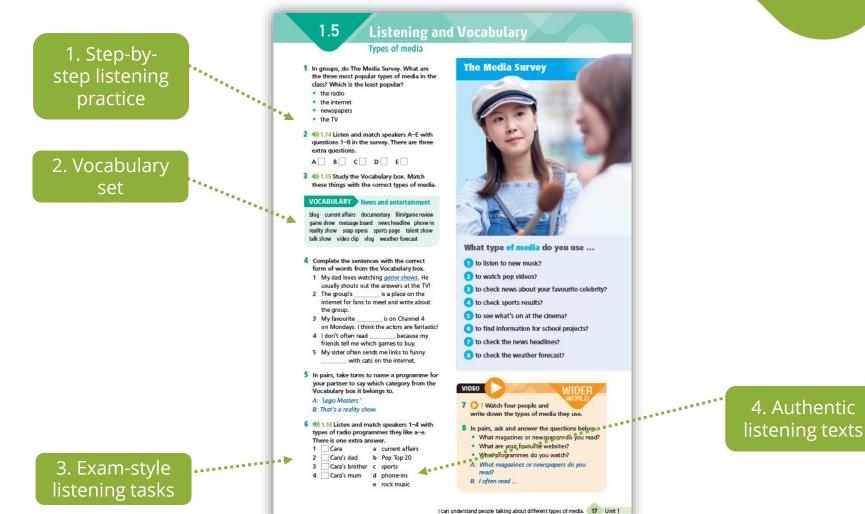


WORLD SECOND EDITION

4. Step-by-

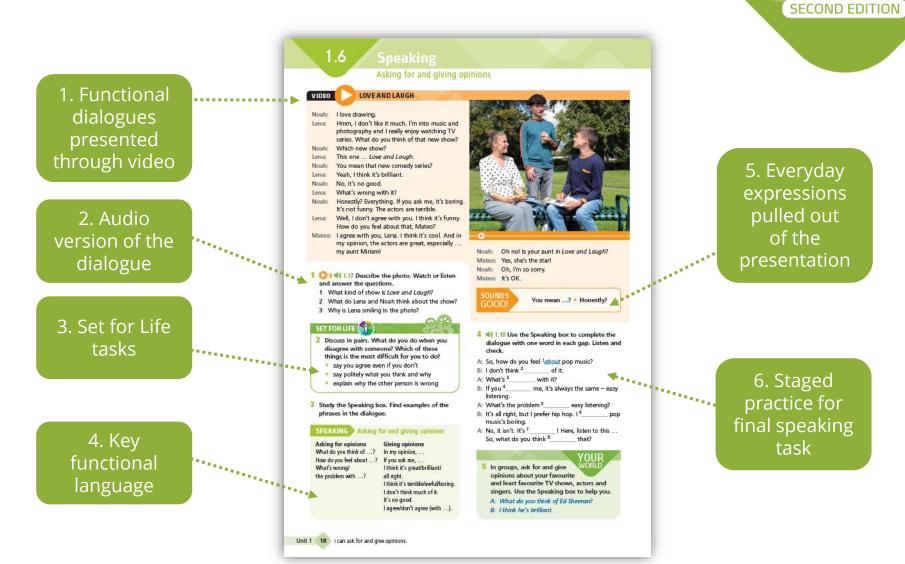
step practice

Lesson 5: Listening and vocabulary

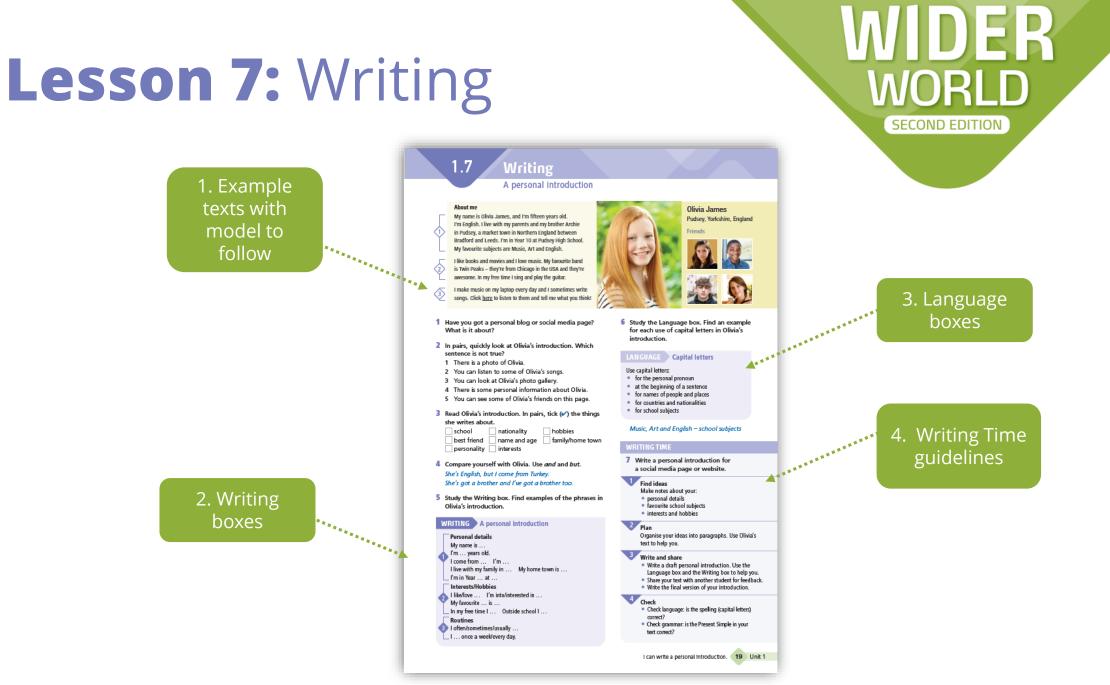


WORLD SECOND EDITION

Lesson 6: Speaking



WIDER WORLD

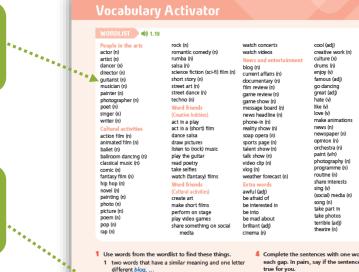


Lesson 8: Vocabulary Activator and Revision



1. Worldlist with audio recordings

2. Vocabulary practice activities



- 2 a word that stays the same when you read it backwards
- 2 a Word that story 2 3 two things that are funny 4 five things you can find in a newspaper or magazine
 - 5 four types of programme where you or your family can be on TV

 - 2 In pairs, ask and answer the questions. 1 Who can perform on stage? actor, ...
 - 2 Can you name a Latin American dance?
 - 3 What kind of films have no real actors? 4 What classical music piece do you know?
 - 5 What can you share on social media?

3 In pairs, say what jobs are represented in the pictures. What do these people make or do?



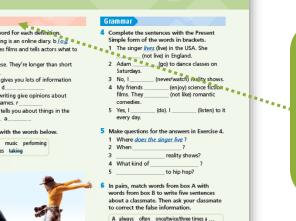
Unit 1 20

Vocabulary 1 Write the correct word for each definition. 1 This type of writing is an online diary. b log a second 2 This person makes films and tells actors what to do. d 3 You can read these. They're longer than short stories. n 4 This programme gives you lots of information about one topic. d_ 5 These pieces of writing give opinions about books, films or games. r 6 This information tells you about things in the news. c_____a_ 2 Complete the text with the words below films make media music performing pictures play shares taking 4 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap. In pairs, say if the sentences are Modern dancers 1 Llisten to rock music every day. Street dancers Hasan and Elsa like ¹taking 2 I want to in a play selfles. Sharing things on social ² 3 I often play games with friends is very important to them. They often 4 I sometimes things on social short films of dance moves, then media. short films. I prefer to Hasan 4 video clips online. 'We don't 5 I never watch them. an instrument, but we listen to lots of at the weekend and we often watch I don't listen to rock music every day. dance 3 on TV or at the cinema,' says 5 () 1.20 PRONUNCIATION Listen to the Hasan. 'Our families help too. Elsa's brother often draws 8 of dance costumes.

underlined vowel(s) in each word and decide which sound you hear. Write the word in the correct column. artist be comic complete film quita

media music read street hil 11

artist 6 4) 1.21 PRONUNCIATION Listen, check your answers to Exercise 5 and repeat.



never sometimes usually B act go listen paint play read watch A: Lucas always listens to rap music. He goes to dance classes once a week.

B: I sometimes listen to rap music Speaking

- 7 In pairs, role play the situation. Student A, look below. Student B, go to page 138. Student A Tell Student B you want to watch a film Ask him/her for ideas
- Give your opinion of Student B's film Suggest a film you want to watch. Ask your partner for his/her opinion Decide together on a film to watch.

Dictation 3 Choose the correct option. In pairs, ask and answer

- 8 📣 1.22 Listen. Then listen again and write 🚬 🕫 🌹 down what you hear during each paure
- 2 Do you sometimes read / act poetry? 3 Do you enjoy watching soap operas / films?

on stage?

1 What's your favourite reality show / opera? 4 Have you got a favourite game film / show?

And my cousin is a photographer, so she loves

5 Can you play / perform the guitar?

taking photos of us ⁹

the auestions.

3.. Revision activities for vocabulary, grammar and functional language

4. Dictation

21 Unit 1

Extra Lesson: Progress check (1-3, 1-6, 1-9)

WORLD SECOND EDITION

 Cumulative revision of grammar, vocabulary and skills

2. Use of English tasks

Progress Check Units 1-3

 Vocabulary and Grammar

 1
 Complete the second sentence with the word In bold so that it means the same as the first one. Use no more than four words.

 1
 Bit with it's relaxing to watch films with finends.

 1
 Hith it's relaxing to watch films with finends.

 1
 FEEL

 1/feel relaxed when I watch films with finends.

 2
 He was very interested in art and painting.

 who found that reading poetry was boring.

 60

 She

 when she read poetry.

 4
 Yesterday we went to in theater, not the chema, end

 Vesterday we
 to the chema, end

Yesterday we ______ to the chama, we went to the theatre. 5 I watch soap operas on Fridays and Sundays. TwoCE wwatch soap operas ______.

Complete the text with one word in each gap.

When 1¹ was twolve, my grandma gave me two baby rabba for my birthday. They 2 ______ very shall and really cute. Now they're bigger, but they're still amazing. Their names are Fluffy and Showy. They're quite easy to look after. I feed tifting and I brush them 3 ______ day. I also have to clean their cage and buy food 4 ______ them. Mum has an allergy to fur, so she 3 ______ brushes them. My brother also wanteefing get a pet. 6 ______ weekend Mum fook him?

the pet shop and got him a fish.

 Imusicans (MUSIC) like lorde or Lana Del Rey on my phone, For school projects I watch

 2
 (DOCUMENT) on my computer.

 Laiso use my computer for shopping. Last week I bought some new 3
 (TRAIN) from an online sports shop. I like taiking to my finends on my phone. Wy best friend, Charlie, Is a very 4

 (CHAT) person, so we taik for hours! iget 3
 (ANNOY) when people say teens use too much tech. It strit true.

3 Complete the text with the correct form of the

Some people say teens are too much into

technology, but I disagree. In my free time

I watch video clips of my favourite

words in brackets.

eaking

4 Complete the dialogue with the words below There is one extra word.

about ask because believe realise sorry worry

A: How do you feel '<u>ubbout</u>' game shows? B: If you ² _____ me, they're awful. A: Don't say that! I really like game shows. B: I'm ³ _____ Maybe they are OK. A: Well, I'm feeling excited ⁴ _____ my mum's on a game show today. B: I don't ⁵ _____ Do you want to come and watch the show? B: OK. Maybe I'llike it after alli

5 In pairs, follow the instructions. Student A: Go to page 138. Student B: Go to page 144.

Listening

6 Does your school have a website? What things are interesting for a school website?

 40 PC1-3.1 Listen to the dialogue. Match students 1-4 with things they do for the website a-f. There are two extra answers.
 1 Julia a design
 2 Natalie b chief editor
 3 Theo c photography
 4 Arto d articles
 e animal blog
 f games blog



Do you always wear black or white? Or do you choose clothes in different colours for different days? Maybe we don't know why we choose different colours, but read on to see how colours can change the way wor feel

Blue helps you to relax when you are stressed. It can also help your creativity. Put on a comfortable blue tracksuit and tart painting or writing! But be careful. Blue is a cold colour, so if you feel sad, don't wear your blue hoodie. Choose a green one instead. The colour of trees is also relaxing and makes us think of nature

Red and pink are the colours of love, but red is more energetic, so wear your favourite red dress when you go out with friends. Everyone will want to talk to you! But red can also make you hungry for junk

food, so don't wear a red T-shirt every day! Do you feel tired in the morning? Put on a yellow aweater. Yellow is the colour of the sun. It gives you energy and it can wake you up. Experts say yellow also makes us feel clever, so why not wear a yellow scarf or necklace when you have same?

Finally, black and white, White helps you feel more confident. It is useful because it goes with everything! Black is a strong colour that can help a shy person feel confident too. Put on your black jeans when you are meeting someone new and match them with a white T-britt. 8 Answer the questions. Then compare your answers with the class.
 1 What are your favourite colours of clothes?

- 2 How do you feel when you wear clothes in these colours?
- 9 Read the article and complete the sentences with a word or a short phrase in each gap.
 1 These two colours can help you feel more relaxed:
- biue and green .
 These two colours make you feel full of energy:
- 3 If you go to an exam, wear something in this colour:
- 4 These colours can help you If you are shy:
- Read the article again and choose the correct answer.
 What does the writer say about clothes and colours?
- a We have too many choices.
- b They can change our feelings.
 c We always know why we choose them.
- 2 Why is it good to paint or write in blue clothes? a Because they make you creative.
- b Because blue is a colour of nature.
 c Because blue always makes you happy.
 3 Why are red clothes a bad thing to wear every day?
- a They can make you fall in love.
 b They can take away your energy.
- c They can make you want to eat more.
 4 What do experts say about the colour yellow?
- a It is good for us on sunny days. b It makes us feel tired.
- c It makes us feel intelligent.
 5 Why is white a useful colour?
- a It is good for any meeting.
 b It matches all other colours.
 c It makes you feel strong.
- Writing
- 11 Tick (r/) the shows and performances that you like.

 chance shows
 street theatre

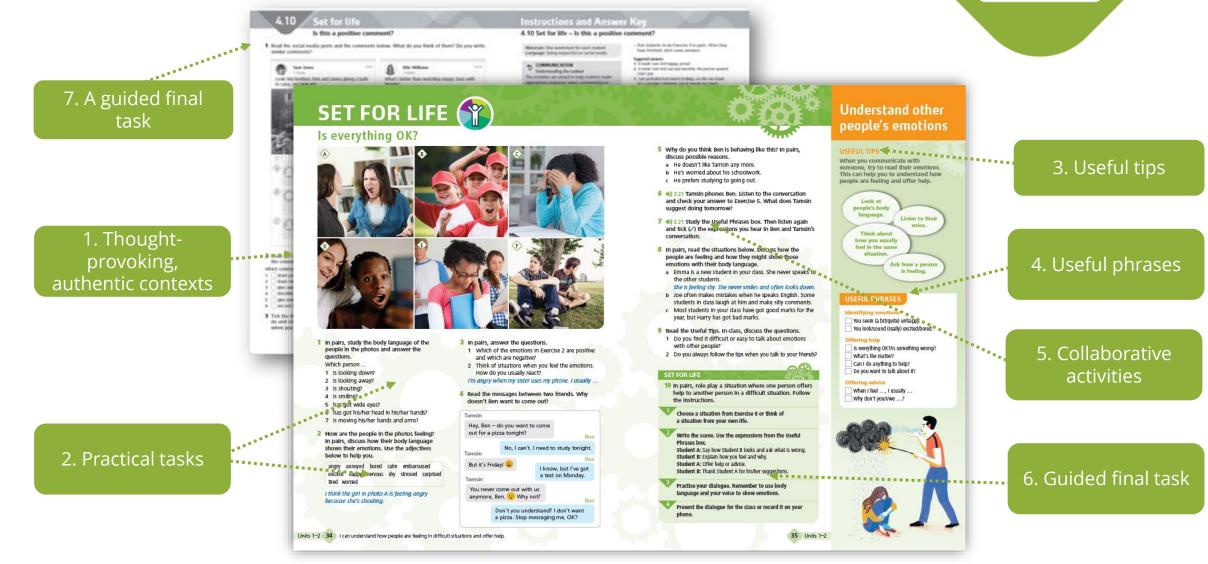
 films at the cinema
 plays at the theatre

 open-air concerts
 plays at the theatre
- 12 Write a blog entry about a show or performance that you saw. Include the information below.
- where and when you went
 what you saw
- how you felt
 - iow you leit

3. Exam- style practice tasks

Extra Lesson: Set for Life





Extra Lesson: BBC Culture

WIDER WORLD SECOND EDITION

1. Reading texts presents culture topics

2. Activities based on Visible Thinking routines

BBC Save our seas!

Oceans in danger

CULTURE

Fish is a popular meal for many people. It's healthy tasty and often chean because there. are lots of fish in the sea. But are there? In the last thirty years the number of fish has fallen almost fifty percent because we've taken too any fish out of the sea. Humans have caused lots of problems to other sea animals too.

2 For example, there aren't many sea turtles left in the world. People kill them for food, and many also die in fishermen's nets. Plastic pollution is another problem for turtles - they sometimes eat plastic in the sea because it looks like their usual food. Turtles lay their eggs on beaches. That's dangerous for them too. because there are a lot of houses and hotels (and humans) on our coasts.

3 Another amazing animal in danger is the blue whale. It is the largest animal that has even existed. But some countries still hunt and kill whales - about 1,000 a year. Climate change is a problem for whales too. As the occeans get to different areas. The whales have to travel large distances to follow them, which means

that feeding is more difficult.

.

4 Luckily, lots of conservation groups around the world are working to solve these problems. In some places, people protect turtle eggs and help the baby turtles get back to the sea. There are legal limits on fishing to keep fish populations healthy. A lot of people have stopped throwing plastic away too. But there is still a lot more that we can do to help save

dimate change (n) the change in the world's weather conservation group (n) people who work to protect animals, plants, etc. lay their eggs (phr) produce eggs

legal limits (n) the highest numbers that the law says you can have met (n) something used for catching fish, insects or

animak pollution (n) making something dirty with dan gerous chemicals or rubbish

BBC 122



1 (VISUAL THINKING) In pairs, follow these steps.

- SEE 1 Describe the photos. What sea animals can you see?
- 2 Why is the water full of plastic? What problems can it cause for the animals?
- WONDER 3 Discuss one of the questions below.
- a Why are the things below dangerous for sea animals? ocean rubbish fishing temperatures
- b How can we help protect sea animals?
- 2 4) 9.23 Read the article. In which paragraphs (1-4) can you find answers to questions a and b in the Wonder section?
- 3 Read the text again and answer the questions. 1 Why has the number of fish in our seas gone down?
- 2 Why do sea turtles sometimes eat plastic? 3 Why is it dangerous for turtles to lay eggs on beaches?
- 4 Why can it be difficult for whales to find food these days? 5 What stops people from catching too many fish?

4 In pairs, discuss the questions,

- 1 What other animals in the world are in danger? 2 How can we help with their conservation?
 - 3 Why is the water full of plastic? What problems can it cause for the animals?



- 5 Look at the photo from a TV 7 🖸 47 Watch again. Tick 🕢 the facts that you hear in programme about a coral reef. In the video. pairs, discuss the questions. 1 The Maldive Islands are in the Indian Ocean 1 Where in the world can you find one About 500,000 people live in the Maldive Islands. 2 of the biggest areas of coral reef? The Baa Atoll Is a nature reserve.
 - 4 There are over 100 different types of coral. 5 The temperature of the sea affects the coral reefs. b the product of an animal? 6 Pollution and fishing are bad for the coral reefs.
- 3 Is the coral in the photo dead or 8 In pairs, discuss the questions. alive? How do you know 1 Do you think the climate is changing in your country? 2 Why do you say this? What do you notice? 6 🜔 47 Watch the video and check

your answers to Exercise 5.

·····

9 In groups of three, prepare a digital poster about another endangered animal. Follow these steps.

In groups, choose an animal. Decide who in your group can find the answers to these questions. How many of these animals are there? Where in the world does it live? What is its home? What does it eat? . Why is it endangered? Are humans responsible? Is climate change responsible? • How can people help to save this animal?

· Find the answers to your questions and write a short text.

Individually, prepare your part of the poster.

• Find photos to illustrate the information.

2 Is coral

a an animal?

c a plant?

Share your poster with the class. Answer other students' questions. Look at the other posters. Ask questions.

4. BBC documentaries

......

4. Step-by-step digital project plan

3. Glossary

123 BBC



Extra section: Grammar time

WORLD SECOND EDITION

Grammar Time

1. One page with two grammar <u>issues p</u>er unit

1.2 Present Simple: affirmative and negative | Adverbs of frequency

 We use the Present Simple for habits and routines.

 +
 I/You/We/They
 watch animated films. studies photography.

I/You/We/They don't (do not) watch an imated films.
 He/She/It doesn't (does not) study photography.

Spelling rules with hersheft we a

- With he/she/it we add -s, -es or -les to the verb. Most verbs. add -s; write – writes.
- Verbs ending in -o, -ch, -sh, -ss and -x, add -es:
- go goes, catch catches, wash washes.
- Verbs ending in consonant + -y, cut -y and add -/es fly - flies.

Adverbs of frequency Adverbs of frequency (always, usually, often, sometimes, never) go before the verb, but after the verb to be.

always usually often sometimes never

I always listen to music on my phone. I am usually busy after school. We don't often watch documentaries at school.

1 Order the words to make sentences.

- 1 the guitar / at the weekend / a group / I / In / play I play the guitar In a group at the weekend.
- 2 science fiction / films / often / watch / we
- 3 busy / she / always / Is
- 4 go out / don't / on Mondays / usually / I
- 5 comics / doesn't / my / read / sister

2 Complete the text with the Present Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Sandi has a very unusual life

 Sandi
 ¹/we5
 (live) in the Arctic. She²
 (get) up at 4 a.m. every day. She³
 (often/eat) pizza for breakfast. She⁴
 (often/eat) pizza for breakfast. She⁴
 (fly) to school in a helicopter every day. After school she⁵
 (study) poetry. She⁶
 (always/go) to bed at 7 p.m.

3 Compare your life to Sandi's from Exercise 2. I don't live in the Arctic, I live in ...



Yes/No questions and short answers

 Do
 lyou/ we/they
 read
 Yes, lyou/we/they do.

 we/they
 novels7
 No, lyou/we/they don't.

 Does
 he/she/ he/she/
 work in work in the a bank?
 Yes, he/she/t does.

Other questions and answers

How often do you go to the cinema? Every Sunday/I go to the cinema every Sunday. I never go to the cinema. What time does the films starf? At 8 p.m.t Starrs at 8 p.m. Where do they live? In West Green. They live in West Green. Time expressions every day/week/month at eight o'dock in the morning/afternoou/event on Mondays once/wice/three times a month

Make Yes/No questions in the Present Simple. Then ask and answer the questions in pairs.

- 1 you / like / taking photographs / ?
- 2 your favourite singer / write / songs /?
- 3 your parents / watch / music videos / on TV /?
- 4 you and your friends / like / dancing / ?
 5 you / share photos / on social media / ?
- 6 you / often / read / novels / ?
- A: Do you like taking photographs? B: Yes, I do.
- 2 Write questions for these answers. Sometimes there is more than one possible question.
- Where does your aunt live? My aunt lives in Italy.
- _____? Jon walks to school. _____? The concert ends at 11.30.
- ? Sam has pizza for lunch.
 ? No, I don't.
- ? Yes, she does.
- 3 Imagine you are interviewing a favourite star/ celebrity. Write seven questions about his/her life. Use the ideas below to help you.
- How often ...? like ...ing? What kind of ... like? When ...? Where ...? Who ... with?

Do you like listening to music?



We use the Present Continuous to talk about activities happening at the moment of speaking.

+ 1 'm (am) wearing a hat. You/We/They 're (are) playing a game. He/She/It 's (Is) sleeping - 1 'm not (am not) wearing a hat. You/We/They aren't (are not) playing a game. He/She/It Isn't (is not) sleeping ? Am I wearing Yes, Lam, a hat? No, I'm not. Are you/we/ playing Yes, you/we/they are. they a game? No, you/we/they aren't. Is he/she/it sleeping? Yes, he/she/it is. No, he/she/it Isn't. Where are you going?

Spelling rules

What is he doing?

- Most verbs, add Ing: go going, look looking.
- Verbs ending in -e, cut -e and add Ing. Ilve Ilving.
 Short verbs that end in consonant + vowel +
- consonant, double the last consonant: sit sitting
- Time expressions now right now at the moment today
-
- 1 Write a few sentences to describe the photo. Use the phrases below to help you. help her sister with homework sit at the table talk on the phone work on the computer



Mum and two sisters are sitting at the table.

Complete the dialogue with the Present Continuous form of the verbs in brackets. Mum: Tomi Where are you? Tom: HI, Mum. 1'<u>m sitting</u> (sit) in the park. Mum: What² (you/do)? Tom: 1³ (situdy) for an exam. Mum: ⁴ (Matt/study) too? Tom: Yes, he is. Mum: Really? We ⁵ (chrve) past the park now, You ⁶ (chr read)! You

- 7______ (play) football! Tom: Yes, we ⁸______ (get) ready for our PE exam!
- 3 Imagine you are having a party. Use the Present Continuous to write ten sentences about what Is happening. I'm sitting on the sofa with my friend Joanna.
- This stang on the soja with my jnena.

Present Simple and Present Continuous

- We use the Present Simple for facts, habits and routines. Rachel I/wes in South Street. Noah doesn't tildy his room. What it me do you get up?
- We use the Present Continuous to talk about activities happening at the moment of speaking.
 What are you doing under the table? I'm looking for my earring!
- We also use the Present Continuous for something happening around now, but maybe not at the moment of speaking.
 Time expressions
- these days at the moment this weekmonth Is she taking part in the football game this month?
- He isn't talking to his best friend these days.
- Complete the sentences with the Present Simple or the Present Continuous form of the words in brackets.
- 1 Oh no, It's raining (rain) again!
- I ______ (live) In Berlin, but I ______ (visit) London now.
- 3 He _____ (save) money at the moment to buy a leather jacket.
- 4 Gemma _____ (often/go) to Tenerife on holiday.
- 5 Jim_____ (know) a little Spanish.
 - Grammar Time 127

126 Grammar Time

Extra section: Irregular verbs

Irregular verbs list at the end of • the book

Irregular Verbs

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
be	was/were	been	lend	lent	lent
become	became	become	let	let	let
begin	began	begun	lle	lay	lain
break	broke	broken	lose	lost	lost
bring	brought	brought	make	made	made
bulld	bullt	built	meet	met	met
burn	burned/burnt	burned/burnt	pay	pald	pald
buy	bought	bought	put	put	put
can	could	been able to	read	read	read
catch	caught	caught	ride	rode	ridden
choose	chose	chosen	ring	rang	rung
come	came	come	run	ran	run
cost	cost	cost	say	sald	sald
cut	cut	cut	see	saw	seen
do	did	done	sell	sold	sold
draw	drew	drawn	send	sent	sent
dream	dreamed./dreamt	dreamed/dreamt	set	set	set
drink	drank	drunk	show	showed	shown
drive	drove	driven	sing	sang	sung
eat	ate	eaten	sit	sat	sat
fall	fell	fallen	sleep	slept	slept
feed	fed	fed	speak	spoke	spoken
feel	felt	felt	spend	spent	spent
fight	fought	fought	stand	stood	stood
find	found	found	steal	stole	stolen
fly	flew	flown	sweep	swept	swept
forget	forgot	forgotten	swim	swam	swum
forgive	forgave	forgiven	take	took	taken
get	got	qot	teach	taught	taught
qive	gave	alven	tell	told	told
jo	went	gone	think	thought	thought
grow	grew	grown	understand	understood	understood
hang	hung	hung	wake	woke	woken
have	had	had	wear	wore	worn
hear	heard	heard	win	won	won
hit	hit	htt	write	wrote	written
nold	held	held		,	
hurt	hurt	hurt			
keep	kept	kept			
know	knew	known			
earn	learned/learnt	learned/learnt			
eave	left	left			
eave	ien	ien			

WIDER WORLD

Extra section:

4 CLIL lessons per level

LITERATURE

Author:

Animals in Fiction

There are a lot of books about animals. Many of these are books for children, but some aren't. Can you think of any famous books for adults about animals?

One very famous book with an imal characters is Animal Farm by the English author, George Orwell, published in 1945. It's quite short - only ten chapters - but it's an important classic. The story is about a group of animals who live on a farm. A pig, Old Major, dreams about a life on the farm without humans. He tells the animals that they can work on the farm and make their own decisions. There is a fight, and the animals chase Mr Jones, the unkind farmer, off the farm. Then they run the farm themselves. They make some rules. An important one is: 'All animals are equal'.

There are many wonderful animal characters in the book. Boxer is the big horse who is strong and works hard. There are three very clever pigs, Snowball, Squealer and Napoleon. For a while the animals work well together, but then the pigs start to become powerful. Napoleon wants to be the leader and he chases Snowball away. The meetings stop, and the pigs make all the decisions They also begin to wear human clothes and behave like humans. They live in the warm farmhouse and eat and drink well. The other animals have difficult lives. They work hard, but they are often cold and hungry. Now the important rule says: 'All animals are equal, but some are more equal than others. Other farmers come to the farmhouse and eat and drink with the pigs. When the animals look through the window, it's impossible to know which are animals and which are humans.

Animal Farm seems quite a simple story, but George Orwell used it to give his opinions about important events at that time. It's a very clever book. It makes us think a lot about our lives and society.

10.2 Look at the characters in the picture. Who do you think they are? Read the article and

2 Read the article again and complete the factfile.

Title: ¹Animal Farm Nationality: 3 Published in: 4 Number of chapters: 5 Main characters: 6

In pairs, answer the questions. 1 What rule do the animals have on the farm at

2 How does this rule later change? Why? 3 Would you like to read the story? Why?/Why

Look at the book titles and animals below. Do you know any of the books? Match titles 1-5 with animals a-e that appear in them. Go to page 144 to check your answers. Watership Down a a horse Charlotte's Web ь a bear and a panther Black Beauty c rabbits The Jungle Book d a wolf

 a spider and a pig GO ONLINE) Use the Internet to research one of the books in Exercise 4. Make notes about: · the author and when he/she wrote the book.

 the characters where it takes place.

6 (SHARE IT) Write a short paragraph about the book and present it to the class. Use your notes from Exercise 5 and the phrases below.

wrote Watership Down in The story is about One of the characters is The story takes place in ...

White Fang

the story.



In 1763 Empress Catherine II (also known as In 1763, Empress Catherine II (also known as Catherine the Great) lived at the palace. At that time, Russia fought a lot of wars and became a larger and more powerful country. The last tsar to live in the palace was Alexander II, who was killed in 1881.

After Alexander's death, the palace was still

used for official events and parties, and in 1903 there was a final great Imperial party – it was a fancy-dress ball. After this time, many Russians

a lancy-dress ball. After this time, many Kussans were unhappy with their lives and with the tsars. So, in 1905 there were violent protests outside the palace, and many people died – this was called Bloody Sunday. Then in 1917 there was a revolution which ended the monarchy and the

Today the palace is a museum – the State Hermitage Museum, where you can see many paintings and sculptures from around the world. Every year 3.5 million people visit it, and as well as looking at the art, they can meet the Hermitage cats who live there. The cats used to walk around the galaries, but now they live in the basement

1 In pairs, look at the photos and discuss the

1 What do you know about the Winter Palace?

2 Do you know any famous people who lived there?

royal history of the palace.

and outside the palace.

Exercise 1

4 Read the article again and complete the missing dates in the palace timeline

> 1708 Peter the Great builds the palace

- 1731-1735 Anna of Russia builds a larger palac Catherine the Great lives at the palac 1837 There is a fire Alexander II is killed The last big ball
- Bloody Sunday The palace becomes a hospital 1915 Revolution and the palace becomes a museur
- 5 Would you like to visit the Winter Palace? Why?/ Why not? Discuss in pairs.
- a historic building in your country. Make notes aboutwhere it is
- who built it and when. what historic events took place there. how people use it today.
- 7 (SHARE IT) Present your research to the class. Use your notes from Exercise 6 and the phrases holow
- The palace/castle is in ... It was built in ... 4) 10.3 Read the article and check your answers to In ... there was used to live there, but now it's a ...

141 CLIL

SCIENCE 1 4) 10.4 Read the article and match

headings A-D with paragraphs 1-4. A How antibiotics work B A problem for scientists C Antibiotics and bacteria D The first antibiotics

- 2 Read the article again and answer the auestions. 1 Who discovered the first antibiotic? 2 When did he discover it?
- 3 What was It called? 4 What are antibiotics? 5 Name two types of bacteria

7 What is the problem today? 8 Give two causes of that problem 3 Do you think we sometimes use

antibiotics when we don't need to? Why?/Why not? Discuss in pairs. Work in pairs. Look at the list of

- stages in the order in which you think they happen. a 🗌 Test the drug on people who
- ь 🗌 Test the new drug using a computer model c Test the drug on human cells in
- a laboratory. d I Find a new source for an
- e 🗌 Stop testing if the drug damages the cells

with your partner to give the correct

f 🗌 Test the drug on healthy humans. 5 Compare your ideas from Exercise 4

the order? Go to page 144 to check your answers.

stages



CLIL 142

Antibiotics

use them to fight many different kinds of infections. However, before 1928 scientists didn't know about them! At that time people

2 Antibiotics are chemicals that kill bacteria and stop infections.

called Gram-nositive. These bacteria have very thin cell walls, and

antibiotics can go through the walls easily. The second is called

3 The antibiotics kill the bacteria and stop them from making

new cells. They make the cell walls weak and they break. There are 'broad spectrum' antibiotics that can fight all types of bacteria,

and doctors use them for jots of different infections. There are also

'narrow spectrum' antibiotics which are good for attacking special

4 Today doctors are worried. Many bacteria are getting

we should finish all our tablets, but sometimes we don't do this.

because we feel better. Then, the bacteria which are still in our

tibiolics to give us, but now many of them don't work. Scientists

need to find new antibiotics, but it isn't easy. If they don't find new

bodies get stronger. In the past, doctors had a lot of different

antibiotics, people may die from minor illnesses agai

resistant – that means they get stronger, and a lot of antibiot don't kill them. This is because we use them too often. Also,

by mistake! Now, we use antibiotics all the time.

Gram-negative and these have very thick cell walls

1 Antibiotics are very important medicines in our lives. Doctors

6 Name two types of antibiotics

could die from, for example, cuts on the skin. Alexander Fleming, a Scottish scientist, discovered an antibiotic called peniciliin – just There are many different types of antibiolics because there are different types of bacteria and infections. One type of bacterium is

things a-f which scientists do to develop a new antibiotic drug. Put the

have the illness

antibiotic.

7 GO ONLINE Use the Internet to find Information about one of the famous scientists below. Make notes about: with another pair. Do you agree on what nationality they were

 what they discovered and when how their discovery helped people. 6 Now cover the list and take turns

nroblems

Louis Pasteur Wilhelm Conrad Röntgen Joseph Lister 8 (SHARE IT) Present your research to the class. Use your notes from Exercise 7 and the phrases below.

(Louis Pasteur) was discovered ... in ... His discovery helped people because ...

GEOGRAPHY

WIDER

WORLD

SECOND EDITION

YELLOWSTONE'S HOTSPOT

CLIL 4

Yellowstone National Park in the USA was probably the first national park in the world. Yellowstone is very popular and very big (8,983 km²). It's a wonderful place to see wildlife and different natural features such as mountains, forests, canyons, rivers, lakes and waterfalls. But many people don't realise that this amazing park is sitting on top of something that is very dangerous - one of the biggest supervolcances in the world!

Deep under Yellowstone National Park is a volcanic 'hotspot'. Heat from inside the Earth melts the rocks above it, and this makes a big pool of magma. Sometimes this magma erupts and sends out huge amounts of lava, rock and ash. A really big eruption throws out nearly all the magma, and then the land above the magma pool falls in. This creates a huge hole called a caldera. The Yellowstone Caldera is fifty-five kilometres wide and eighty kilometres long! Another natural feature of Yellowstone National Park is its many geysers: rainwater goes down through the rocks, the magma heats it, and then very hot water rises back up to the surface. The water rises fast into the air with clouds of steam. The most famous geyser at Yellowstone is called 'Old Faithful' and it erupts nearly every hour

The Yellowstone Supervolcano has erupted several times in the last two million ears (the last time about 640,000 years ago) and it's still active. It will erupt and The ash will cover the whole of North America and cause some climate inges for a long time. But scientists don't think that this will happen soon maybe in one or two million years. They study the area very carefully with special equipment. They are always checking for movements in the crust (the hard outer layer of the Earth) that might cause earthquakes. They hope that they will be able to tell people a long time before an eruption happens

> Choose a diagram (A or B) below. Study the diagram. Find the part of the article that explains your diagram and read

Have you ever heard of Yellowstone National Park? What do you know about it? 4) 10.5 Read the article. What natural

features can you find in Yellowstone National Park?

5 When do scientists think this might

happen?

happen?

3 Read the article again and answer the 5 Work in pairs. Cover the article. Use your diagram to explain to your partner how a volcano or a gevser works.

How big is Yellowstone National Park 2 What do many people NOT know 6 GO ONLINE Use the Internet to find Information about

- about Yellowstone National Park? another supervolcano. Make notes about: 3 How big is the Yellowstone Caldera? where it is
- 4 If there is another eruption, what will the landscape around it

how dangerous it is.

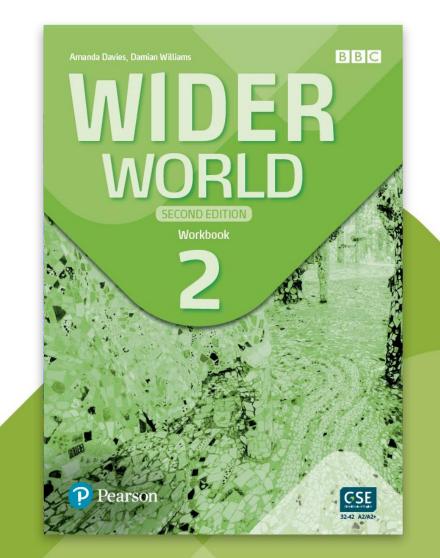
7 (SHARE IT) Write a factfile about the supervolcano you have chosen. Add pictures. Present your factfile to the class

143 CLIL





NORLD SECOND EDITION **Unit 1 Workbook** walkthrough Pearson





Core lessons

- Workbook lessons correlated with core lessons from the Student's Book
- Lessons colour coding in Student's Book and Worbook align, for easy navigation
- Workbook **in colour** for improved attention and motivation
- Signposted additional online practice



Core lessons: My language file

• A **unit wordlist** with recording and space for translation

My Language File

People in the arts	Word friends (Creative hobbies)	Extra words
actor (n)	act in a play	awful (adj)
artist (n)		
dancer (n)		
director (n)		
guitarist (n)	listen to (rock) music	be mad about
musician (n)	play the guitar	brilliant (adj)
painter (n)		
photographer (n)		
poet (n)		creative work (n)
singer (n)		culture (n)
writer (n)	word mends (Cultural activities)	drums (n)
	create art	eniov (v)
Cultural activities	make short films	famous (adi)
action film (n)		go dancing
animated film (n)		(ibc) team
ballet (n)		hate (v)
ballroom dancing (n)		like (v)
classical music (n)		love (v)
comic (n)		make an imations
fantasy film (n)	blog (n)	news (n)
hip hop (n)	current affairs (n)	newspaper (n)
novel (n)	de aussenten (6)	
painting (n)	documentary (n) film review (n)	orchestra (n)
photo (n)		paint (w/n)
picture (n)	game review (n)	photography (n)
poem (n)	game show (n)	programme (n)
pop (n)	message board (n)	routine (n)
rap (n)	news headline (n)	share interests
rock (n)	phone-in (n)	sing (v)
romantic cornedy (n)		(social) media (n)
rumba (n)	soap opera (n)	song (n)
salsa (n)	sports page (n)	take part in
science fiction (sci-fi) film (n)	talent show (n)	take photos
short story (n)	talk show (n)	terrible (adj)
street art (n)	video clip (n)	theatre (n)
street dance (n)	vlog (n)	
techno (n)	weather forecast (n)	Sounds good!
		You mean ?
		Honestly?

WORLD SECOND EDITION

MY LANGUAGE NOTES

My favourite words/expressions from this unit

Unit	1	1

Core lessons: Self-check

- A **self-check section** at the back of each unit
- Answer key provided at the back of the Workbook

Self-check	
Vocabulary	Grammar
 Complete the words in the sentences. My brother reads cevery day. He likes the artwork. I don't enjoy cmusic like Mozart or Beethoven. My favourite ais Chris Evans. I often watch ris Chris Evans. I often watch ris Chris Evans. I often watch ris Chris Evans. A lot of children love watching afiltris like Minions or How to Train Your Dragon. My sister wants to go to Cuba to learn sdancing. Complete the sentences with the words below. drawing listening playing reading taking watching We have a computer but I hate games on it. My dad is really linto to old music. My mum doesn't really like selfies. I like reviews about new films. 	 4 Order the words to make questions. 1 you / where / live / do /? 2 work / day / you / every / dad / does /? 3 do / many / have / lessons / English / a week / you / how /? 4 do / you / Saturday / swimming / go / every /? 5 do / how / photos / you / take / often /? 5 do / how / photos / you / take / often /? 5 Match questions 1–5 in Exercise 4 with answers a – below. a Every day. d No, he doesn't. b Yes, I do. e in London. c Three. 6 Make sentences using the Present Simple. 1 1 (not like) documentaries. 2 (you/want) to go to the dnema? 3 My friend (not live) near me. 4 Jack (not speak) English and French.
5 Our family lovessoap operas together. 6 I don't like pictures in Art at school.	5 Mr Lee usually (give) essays to write.
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Speaking
 Choose the correct option. I think phone-Ins / soap operas are funny – you always hear some strange people calling! You can post and find jobs on the message board / sports page. Video clips / Current affairs programmes are useful to learn what is happening in the world at the moment. 	 Complete the dialogue with one word in each gap. A: 1 do you feel about street dance? B: Oh, I think It's terrible! A: Really? What's the 2 with It? B: Well, in my 3, It's just awful. A: I don't agree with you. If you 4 me, It's cool.
 4 The <i>talk shows / news headlines</i> today are about the earthquake in Japan. 5 Let's watch the <i>weather forecast / soap opera</i> before we decide on what to do tornorrow. 	B: Well, I think it's no ⁵ I prefer ballet. A: Yeah, it's all right, but it's a bit boring. YOUR SCORE Vocabulary:/20 Speaking:/5
 I love watching soap operas / documentaries about wild animals. 	Grammar:/15 Total:/40
 7 I can watch short video clips / news headlines and dance for hours! 8 I hate weather forecast / reality shows. They are boring. 	

WIDER WORLD

SECOND EDITION

Unit 1 Self-

15 Unit 1

On the Portal 🚬

Self-check

Unit 1 Self-check	Unit 4 Self-check	Exercise 3
Exercise 1	Exercise 1	1 pocket 2 change 3 price 4 offer 5 money 6 wallet 7 bag 8 recycle
1 comics 2 dassical 3 actor 4 romantic	1 console 2 charger 3 handsfree headset	Exercise 4
5 animated 6 salsa	4 keyboard 5 digital camera 6 screen 7 smartwatch 8 cable	1 more boring 2 bigger
1 playing 2 listening 3 taking 4 reading	Exercise 2	3 the most enjoyable 4 as big 5 the cheapest 6 the most difficult
5 watching 6 drawing	1 check 2 play 3 send 4 download	7 as nice 8 the kindest
Exercise 3	5 make 6 listen 7 search	Exercise 5
1 phone-ins 2 message board	Exercise 3	1 am seeing 2 are going to visit
3 Current affairs 4 news headlines 5 weather forecast 6 documentaries	1 slow 2 check 3 hung 4 Switch 5 try	3 Are you coming 4 is going to ask
7 video dips 8 reality shows	Exercise 4 1 used to play 2 didn't use to play	5 'm/am going to buy 6 is playing 7 'm/am not going
Exercise 4	3 Did use to give 4 used to write	Exercise 6
1 Where do you live?	5 didn't use to go 6 Did use to visit	1 Can 2 ones 3 try 4 take 5 change
2 Does your dad work every day?	7 didn't use to send	
3 How many English lessons do you have a week?	Exercise 5 1 going 2 working 3 to go 4 helping	Unit 8 Self-check
4 Do you go swimming every Saturday?	5 to learn 6 to feed 7 to find 8 reading	Exercise 1
5 How often do you take photos?	Exercise 6	1 journalist 2 care worker 3 accountant 4 gardener 5 architect 6 tour quide
Exercise 5	1 charge 2 switch 3 calling 4 search	4 gardener 5 architect 6 tour guide Exercise 2
1e 2d 3c 4b 5a	5 online	1 for 2 in 3 as 4 on 5 earn 6 in 7 in
Exercise 6 1 don't like 2 Do you want 3 doesn't live	Unit 5 Self-check	8 for
4 doesn't speak 5 gives		Exercise 3
Exercise 7	Exercise 1 1 a 2 a 3 c 4 a 5 c 6 c 7 a	1 pupils 2 staff 3 head 4 playground
1 How 2 problem 3 opinion 4 ask	Ta za sc 4a sc 6c 7a Exercise 2	5 library 6 classmates Exercise 4
5 good	1 make 2 vacuum 3 do 4 puton	1 won't be 'll watch / will watch
Unit 2 Self-check	Stidies 6 took 7 do	2 Will you stay
Everyles 1	Exercise 3	3 won't get 'll be/ will be
Exercise 1 1 uniform 2 trainers 3 earrings 4 cotton	1 gallery 2 station 3 centre 4 hall 5 office 6 information centre	4 will be 'Il be able / will be able 5 Will you be, 'Il phone / will phone
5 belt 6 scarf 7 shorts	Exercise 4	6 won't finish
Exercise 2	1 where 2 who 3 which 4 that 5 who	Exercise 5
1 annoying 2 tired 3 boring 4 interesting	6 where 7 which 8 that	1 Will 2 go 3 gets 4 will you 5 don't
5 embarrassed 6 excited 7 relaxing Exercise 3	Exercise 5	Exercise 6
1 tidy 2 chatty 3 kind 4 dever 5 rude	1 can 2 can 3 mustn't 4 can't 5 has to 6 mustn't 7 have to	1 We will definitely be 2 probably
6 bossy	Exercise 6	won't 3 They might arrive 4 Will you definitely come 5 She might not want
Exercise 4	1 give me some advice?	
1's/is wearing 2's/is Mike going	2 Where do you think 3 that's a good idea 4 Why don't you go 5 Thanks for the advice.	Unit 9 Self-check
3 'm/am not doing 4 Is Dan driving 5 isn't working 's/is sleeping	4 Why don't you go 5 Thanks for the advice.	Exercise 1
6's/is sitting 7 isn't eating	Unit 6 Self-check	1 beach 2 river fields 3 island 4 city
Exercise 5	Exercise 1	5 mountain 6 flag 7 lake Exercise 2
1 are you doing 2 read 31 m trying 4 don 't want 51 always wear	1 stomach 2 skin 3 brain 4 ankle	1 cycling 2 scube diving 3 windsurfing
6 Are you going 7 am doing	5 muscles 6 toes 7 elbow 8 knee	4 snowboarding 5 surfing 6 climbing
Exercise 6	Exercise 2	7 swimming
1a 2b 3a 4a 5b	1c 2a 3b 4c 5b 6b	Exercise 3 1 life jacket 2 kayak 3 paddle
Holt 2 Solf check	Exercise 3 1 temperature 2 allergy 3 hay	4 helmet 5 goggles 6 map
Unit 3 Self-check	4 headache 5 throat 6 flu	Exercise 4
Exercise 1	Exercise 4	1 have (never) forgotten
1 snake 2 polar bear 3 horse 4 chicken 5 rabbit 6 daw 7 fur 8 feathers	1 much 2 many 3 any 4 lot 5 isn't 6 some 7 many 8 enough	2 has (already) written 3 have (already) seen
Exercise 2	6 some 7 many 8 enough Exercise 5	3 have (already) seen 4 has (already) drunk
1 aggressive 2 sociable 3 playful	1 saw 2 was reading 3 came	5 has (already) left
4 adventurous 5 lively	4 Were you waiting 5 weren't 6 Were you	6 have (never) bought
Exercise 3	7 remembered	7 Have (you) done 8 have (just) arrived
1 buy 2 brush 3 put 4 feed 5 train 6 take 7 spend	Exercise 6	8 have (just) arrived Exercise 5
Exercise 4	1 matter feel should 2 feeling hurt	1 Have you seen 2 haven't had
1 was 2 Were 3 wasn't 4 Was 5 was	-	3 've just spoken 4 has already bought
Exercise 5	Unit 7 Self-check	5 Have you ever worked
1 didn't like 2 did you go	Exercise 1	6 have never been 7 Have you ever seen
3 didn't work 4 didn't answer 5 Did the teacher teach	1 box bakery 2 packet newsagent's	Flave you ever seen Exercise 6
Exercise 6	3 bottle pharmacy 4 pair shoe shop	1 Can course
1 wasn't 2 wasn't 3 Did 4 didn't	Exercise 2	2 for go
5 stayed	1 escalator 2 trolley 3 court 4 department 5 toilets 6 shopper	3 mind
Exercise 7	7 park 8 multi-screen	
1 so mean mind 2 feel No		
L 1001		
		Self-checks answer key 111

Extra section: Reading Time

- 3 spreads per level
- Reading text from **Pearson English Readers**
- Accompanying audio recordings
- Before, While and After **Reading activities**

Reading Time 1



Karen and

Karen takes a picture and telephones for a taxi. She takes the taxi to Bond Street and goes into an art gallery. The gallery is small but expensive. A woman is sitting at a table. She is reading a book.



'Hello,' she says. 'Good afternoon,' Karen says. Tve got a picture here, and

I want to sell it.'

'Who's the artist?



The woman doesn't look up. 'Antonio Brunetti,' Karen says. 'He's ... 'I'm sorry.' The woman starts to read her book again. 'I don't A man comes into the gallery. T've got a new Sherman for you!" he says. 'It's wonderful.'

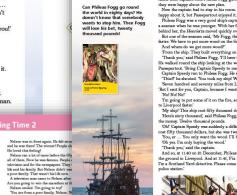
'Who?' the woman says 'Oh, you know him,' the man says. 'Sherman! He's got an exhibition at the Galerie Saint Michel in Paris!' 'Oh!' The woman puts down her book. 'Let's see. Yes, I like it. Sherman, you said? I can give you £800.'

Quietly, Karen goes away. She walks across the street and goes into the Astra Gallery. Twe got a wonderful new Brunetti for you,' she says to the man. "Look at this."

'What?' the man says. 'Who's Brur 'Oh, you know him,' Karen says. 'H Leonardo in Rome' 'Oh,' the man says. 'Show me.' He l The Olympic Very good,' he says. 'Brunetti, eh? A Promise I can give you ... £900. There are two important things in young Nelson's life, running and his Granny Sarah Is Nelson ready to run at the Olympic Games? Aad dees he remember who he really is? Karen is very happy, but she does

'Hmm ...' she says. 'All right, £1,000,' the man says. 'OK,' Karen says. The man gives her a cheque for £1,

'Thank you,' Karen says.



Before you read

Round the

Eighty Days

World in

1 Match places 1-4 with photos A-D.

1 study 2 art gallery 3 café 4 airport

Reading Time 3

the man asked. Nelson was angry. 'You're wi

when they see him on television Read the story again. Choose the correct Who is one of the main characte in the story a the journalist b Granny Sarah c Nelson's friend 2 What ite does Nelson tell? He's going to try and win the marai at the Olympics.
 He's going to go back to his town. c His family wasn't poor.

3 Why are the people from Nelson's town angr a Because Nelson makes them feel bac b Because Nelson Is famous. c Because Nelson's grandmother crie

He talk the truth / lies on tale

Philess Fogg was captain of the ship. Captain Speedy was in his room, and two seamen watched him carefully. He couldn't leave the room. He abunde, but he couldn't get out. What happened on that day was this: Phileas Fogg wanted to go to Liverpool. The captain didn't want to go there, but the seams hated their captain. And Phileas Fogg gave them some money, so they were happy about the new plan. Now the captain had to stay in his room. Aouda was not very an engine. Now the captain two only in the physical set of the physical set o But one of the seamen said, 'Mr Fogg, this engine can take us mater: we nave to be un more wood of the time. And where do we get more wood? From the ship. They built everything on it from wood! Thank you,' said Philas Fogg. Til have to think about it.' He walked round the ship looking at the wood. Then he called Descent the ship looking at the wood. Then he called The watter total the sup toking is in the wood. Then it is under Passepartoni. Fining Capitali Speedy to me! Capitali Speedy ran to Philess Fogg. He wanted to kill him. Thisff he shoulted. You took my ship! Where are we? Seven handred and seventy miles from Liverpool, said Fogg. 2 Read the summary of the story and look at the book cover. Then choose the correct 'But I sent for you, Captain, because I want to buy your ship.'

5 Choose the correct answer

a cheap

c expensive

1 The first art gallery is ____

WIDER

WORLD

SECOND EDITION

b beautiful

Tm going to put some of it on the fire, so the engine can take us to Liverpool faster." My shipl This hispoot fifty thousand dollard" Harvis sitty thousand, and Philese Fogg, and he gave the captain the money. Theve thousand pounds. Of Captain Speedy was moldenly a different man. The Henrietta cost fifty thousand dollars, but she was twenty years old. Too, ..., You only want the work. Ull have the megins, the ...? 'Oh yes. I'm only buying the wood.'

Thank you, said the captain. And so, at 11.40 on 21 December, Philess Fogg put his foot on the ground in Liverpool. And at 11.44, Fix said, "Philess Fogg, I'm a Scotland Yard detective. Please come with me to the neare





69 Unit 6



Phileas Fogg is a rich man in London who has

In England.

Aouda / Passepartout.

37 Unit 3

The detective arrests Ford Fogg buys the boat from the old capta Read the story again. Choose the correct ontion Passepartout / Aouda was happy when the captain was locked in his room They can get wood for the fire from

their supplies / the ship. 3 Fogg pays twelve / strip thousand dollars for the ship. 4 They reach Uverpool in the morning / afternool After you read

Write the Past Simple form of the verbs from the stor 4 give

1 say 2 build 5 cost a new servant called Jean Passepartput. Every day Fogg meets his friends at a club, and one 3 run 6 put day they make a bet. Food wants to travel round 6 Match sentences a-d with their meanings 1-d. the world in 80 days, but his friends think he can't do It. So, they bet him twenty thousand a i watched him carefully. I was suddenly a different man or pounds that he can't. Food and Passepartou travel from London to Egypt, then to India, where they rescue a woman, Aouda, from he I put my foot on the ground d I put some of it on the fire. village. They then travel to Hong Kong and to 1 Lieft a boat or plane and walked on land Japan. Next, they sall across the Pacific Oce 2 I paid attention to someone's action very closely to San Francisco and across America. On the way 3 I made something catch fire on purpose 4 I changed character very guickly.

WRAP UP Complete the Information about

101 Unit 9



4 They meet Aouda In Hong Kong / India My opinion: 公公公公公 5 The detective thinks Forg is a captain / this

Extra section: Exam Time

- **Cumulative asessment** for unit 1-3, 1-6, 1-12
- Sections for listening, reading and writing
- Exam Tip with exam study tips



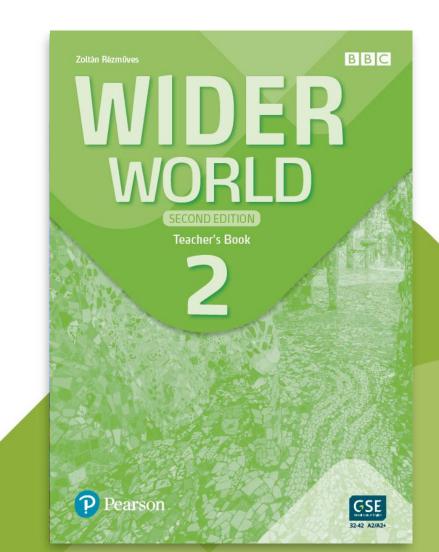
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Unit 2 Teacher's Book walkthrough

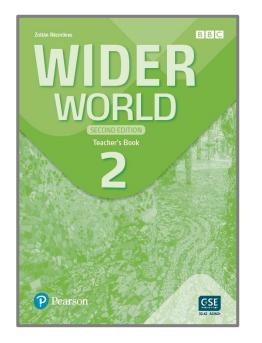




BBC

Teacher's Book

with Access Code to Pearson English Connect



Teacher's Book:

- Student's Book pages with overwritten answers
- Teaching notes
- Need support? worksheets for lower achieving students
- Student's Book audio and video scripts
- Workbook audioscripts
- Workbook answer key

Access Code:

• Interactive Student's Book with toolbar

WDFR

WORLD

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- Interactive Workbook with toolbar
- Resources (Assessment Package, Grammar Presentations, Photocopiable Resources, Bookmark, Teaching Notes...)

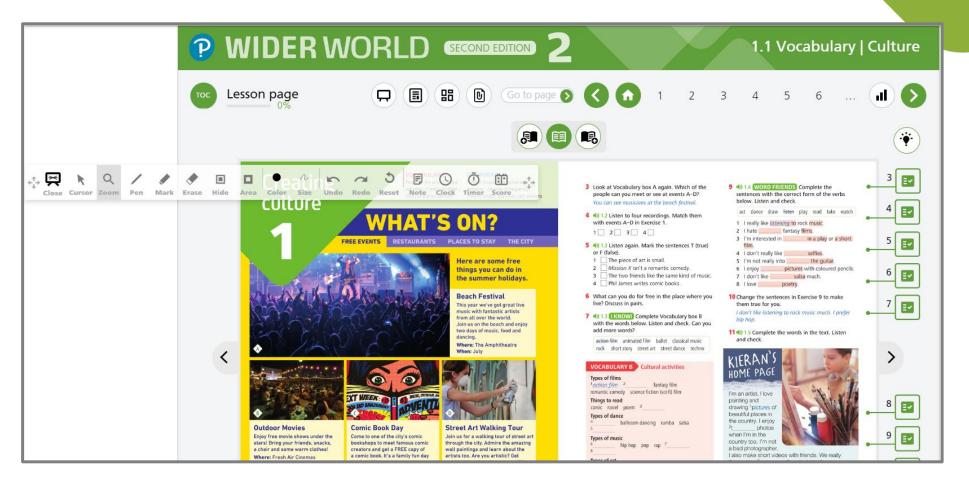




Pearson English Connect

• Presentation tool (SB)

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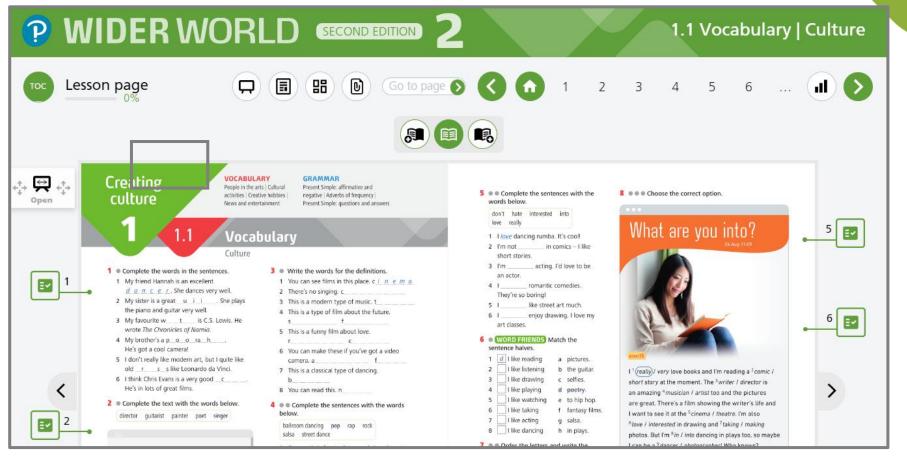




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• Presentation tool (WB)

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Pearson English Connect

Pearson English Connect		Dark mode 🕕 Font scale 100% 🗸 Q by teacher 😝 🎬 🌲
Home My Content Groups	Assignments Test Generator Gradebook Pearson English Portal Ap	ips & Help 🗸
Wider World 2nd Edition	2 – Student's Book	GENERAL DETAILS TABLE OF CONTENTS
0 Welcome to West Green		
1 Creating culture		
1.1 Vocabulary Culture	1.2 Grammar Present 1.3 Reading and Simple Vocabulary ••• •••	1.4 Grammar Present Simple:
1.5 Listening and Vocabulary Types	Pearson English Connect Home My Content Groups Assignments Test Generator Gradebook Per	Dark mode 🔵 Font scale 100% 👻 Q by teacher 😧 🕿 🇱 🌲 Irson English Portal Apps & Help 🗸
Unit 1 Revision	Virtual Classroom	WHITEBOARD ACTIVITY QUESTION BREAKOUT ROOMS END CLASS
	Image: Users list Image: Whiteboard 1 Image: Miková Šárka Image: Whiteboard Image: Tripe Image: Tripe	Audio / Video C C Chat - media@venturesbooks.com :
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- Assignments
- Test Generator
- Gradebook
- Virtual Classroom

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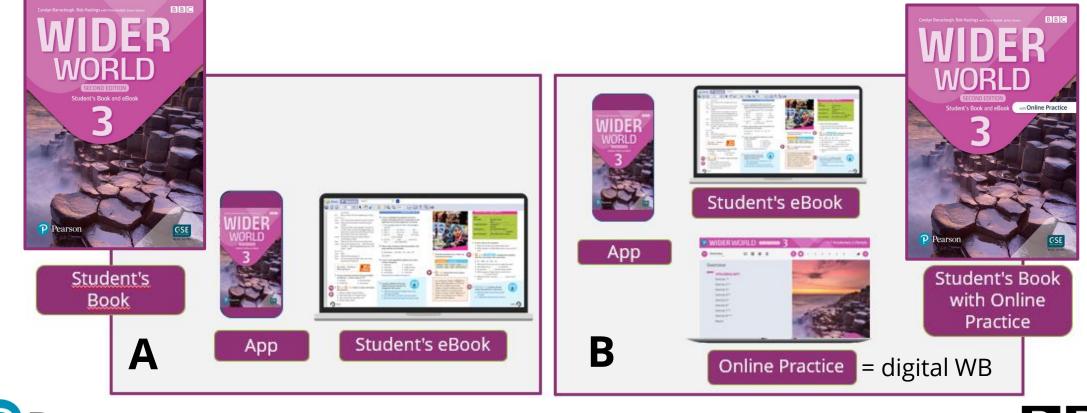
Components





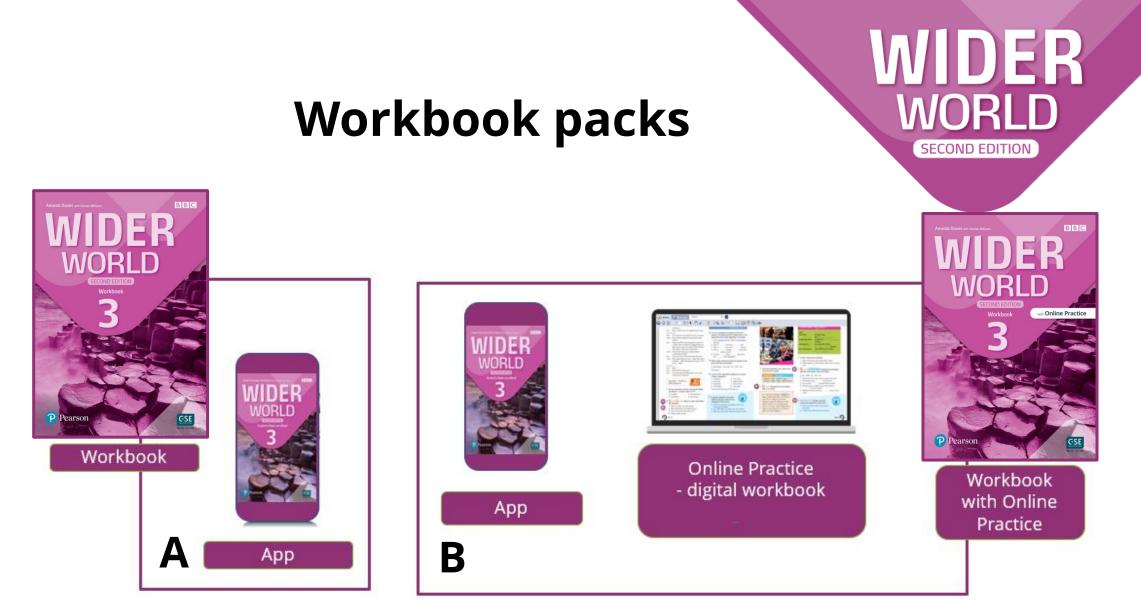
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Student's Book packs









Pearson





Teacher components







What's NEW





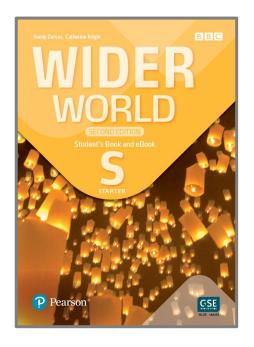
- NEW modern **design**
- 70% NEW **content** in levels 1-4
- Updated BBC content
- Integrated **Set for Life** future-skills programme
- Extended reading and writing programme
- **Diversity** and **inclusion** principles covered
- NEW digital environment (PEC)





- NEW design
- NEW **Progress check** sections in Student's Book
- NEW Set for Life lessons in Student's Book
- No changes to the content
- No changes to the video











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