1.	Slovní zásoba. Spojte první a druhou část věty tak, aby se k sobě významově hodily, a doplňte do řádku <i>Answers</i> .			
	 A. Before the volcano started erupting, B. There are recycling bins in front of our block of flats C. I believe that renewable energy D. A lot of homeless people need E. In some countries a lot of crimes 			
	 food and shelter. but some of the neighbours still do not sort out paper and plastic. are committed by ex-prisoners. fortunately, the local authorities had managed to evacuate all the people. is the best alternative to nuclear power. 			
	Answers: A B C D E			
2.	Slovní zásoba. Zapište slovo, které je popsáno v každé z níže uvedených definic. A. the total number of people living in a country = B. a person who has seen a crime = C. the sound that dogs make when they are happy or upset = D. a report on TV or radio that tell people what the following days and temperatures are probably going to be like (2 words) = E. cutting down large areas of trees =			
3.	Slovní zásoba. Uveďte vždy 3 příklady slov/výrazů, týkajících se daných kategorií.			
	A. Bad weather conditions:			
	B. Environmental problems:			
	C. Criminals:			
	D. Ways of punishment:			
	E. Social issues:			
4.	Slovní zásoba. Zakroužkujte vždy jednu správnou možnost z nabídky tak, aby věta byla smysluplná.			
	A. After heavy rain, water in rives faster than usual. blows / flows / pours			
	B. My cousin is excited about living on the as she loves jogging in the sand every morning.			

	C.	Car fumes pollute the air. exhaust / exhausting / exhausted
	D.	What is your opinion on the death? punishment / crime / penalty
	E.	If you live in a foreign country for 10 years, you can usually become its member / citizen / immigrant
5.	Gr	ramatika. Propojte věty do souvětí za použití výrazu v závorce.
	A.	Tony didn't lock his car. Someone stole it. (BECAUSE) Someone
	В.	Mary saw whales on her holiday last year. Mary studies Animal Science at university. (WHO) Mary
	C.	"Don't move!" the police officer told the shoplifter. (TO) The police officer
	D.	People in my hometown are worried about the environment. Claire has just opened a new shop there. (WHERE) People in
	E.	I will watch the weather forecast. I'll leave home. (AFTER) I will leave home
6.	vět	ramatika. Z uvedených slov vytvořte gramaticky správné oznamovací či tázací ty. you / ever / commit / a crime ?
	B.	I / already / experience / a couple / earthquakes.
	C.	She / watch / a documentary about pickpocketing in large cities / for 2 hours.
	D.	When / my grandpa / be / a child / people / not use / worry about the environment.
	E.	this company / accuse of / fraud / a month ago ?

7. Gramatika. Najděte, podtrhněte a opravte jednu chybu v každé větě.

- A. We are trying to give a food and water to poor and homeless people.
- B. John wants to become the journalist and deal with environmental issues.

- C. A school I go to is located close to Prague.
- D. Overpopulation is one of biggest global problems.
- E. Poverty doesn't exist in a big cities.

8. Jazyková kompetence. Vyberte správnou možnost z nabídky a zakroužkujte ji.

A change in the weather

It has always (1) a disadvantage for visitors to Britain that the weather is very (2) and that it is always raining, even in summer. There are countless jokes about British weather and no doubt there is (3) good reason for (4) popularity. There is no smoke without fire.
However, it (5) seem to be the case anymore that Britain does not have a summer. In fact, there seems to be (6) rainfall nowadays, (7) is a worldwide phenomenon. What has happened is that there has been a rise in the temperature of the planet as a whole. It is getting (8) every year to such an extent that it is no longer necessary to go abroad if you (9) to get a suntan. It will be much quicker and cheaper to go to Brighton or Bournemouth.
It is thought that (10) warming is having both positive and negative effects in different parts of the world. There have been (11) conferences to find a solution to the problem but it has become obvious that there is no simple answer to the problem.

- 1. be / was / been
- 2. changing / changed / changeable
- 3. a / the / --
- 4. theirs / them / their
- 5. isn't / doesn't / didn't
- 6. less and less / more or less / nevertheless
- 7. when / where / which
- 8. more hot / hoter / hotter
- 9. wanted / will want / want
- 10. world / global / environmental
- 11. several / any / some of

Catch that thief!

There have been a number of burglaries in our neighbourhood (12) ____. We are not sure who is to blame but it is widely believed that the burglaries are mostly the work of one gang. The police have been very slow to act and they (13) ____ know very little for certain. The public, rightly or wrongly, blame the police for not acting more quickly. Most people do not think very highly of the local police and indeed so far they have arrested only one (14) ____. They say they need more evidence before they can take the matter further. Whenever they are (15) ____ in to investigate a burglary, it takes them so long to get to the scene of the crime that it is always too late to catch the culprits.

(Zdroj pro oba texty: *Grammar and Vocabulary for First Certificate*, upraveno)

- 12. last week / lately / once
- 13. still / yet / already
- 14. victim / witness/ suspect
- 15. caught / called / asked

